Cambria Freeman.

H. A. McPIKE, Editor and Publisher. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." Terms, $2 per year, in advance.

VOLUME XII. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1878. NUMBER 6.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon., Alias Vend. Expon., Fi. Fa.* and *Fi. Fa. Post Vend. Expon.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on

MONDAY, March 4th, 1878,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, to wit:

ALL the right, title and interest of Martin Woodley, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Chest township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Eunice Libby, John Lantzy, Conrad Yeager, and others, containing 50 acres, more or less, about 40 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a log house and frame barn, now in the occupancy of Martin Woodley. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Bradley.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Michael Kelly, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Alex. McMullin, Joseph Nutt, Zachariah Kaylor, and others, containing 75 acres, more or less, about 60 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story log house and bank barn, not now occupied. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Bradley.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of S. W. Johnston and Ange Johnston, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in Chest Springs borough, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lots of E. & H. Nutter and fronting on —— street on one side and an alley on the other side, having thereon erected a one-and a-half story plank house, now in the occupancy of Geo. Rininger. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of S. M. Douglass.

ALSO, all the right title and interest of John P. Hartzog, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Joseph Miller, Charles Tomlinson, and others, containing 60 acres, more or less, about 45 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story plank house and frame barn, now in the occupancy of John P. Hartzog. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Catherine Mouse, for use of F. D. Sapp.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of James E. Nesson, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land, situated in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of the estate of Thomas Adams, dec'd, John Nesson, dec'd, and others, containing 75 acres, more or less, about 35 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story log house and log barn, now in the occupancy of James E. Nesson. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Bennett J. Sawyer, for use of John Melion.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Daniel Murphy, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in the village of South Fork, Croyle township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the township road on the west, adjoining an alley on the south and lot of Michael Gates on the east, having thereon erected a two story plank house now in the occupancy of Daniel Murphy. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of Daniel Murphy, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in the village of South Fork, Croyle township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the township road, adjoining lot of J. C. Stineman on the south and an alley on the north and east, having thereon erected a plank stable. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of Daniel Murphy, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in the village of South Fork, Croyle township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the township road, adjoining lot of J. C. Stineman on one side and a street on the other, running back to an alley, having thereon erected 2 two story plank houses, now in the occupancy of Michael McGrath. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of Daniel Murphy, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Croyle township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Daniel Burtnett, David Lamb, Philip Moyer, and others, containing 6 acres and 39 perches, more or less, about 6 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story plank house and saw mill, now in the occupancy of Jacob Murphy. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of John Murphy, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in the village of South Fork, Croyle township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on —— street on the north, adjoining lot of Joseph Yoder on the east and an alley on the west and south, having thereon erected a two story plank house and stable, now in the occupancy of Adam Horchel. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of John Murphy, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in the village of South Fork, Croyle township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the south on —— street, adjoining public school property on the east and an alley on the west and north, not now occupied. *Also*, all the right title and interest of John Murphy, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Richland township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of George Orris, Samuel King, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less, about 20 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a log house and stable, now in the occupancy of Frank Rose. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Jacob Murphy, for use of Adam Rose.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Jacob Johnston, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Baum, P. Kinports, Peter Garman, and others, containing 200 acres, more or less, about 50 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a-half story plank house and board stable, now in the occupancy of Jacob Johnston. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Weakland.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Uriah Lloyd, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John W. Learner, other lands of Uriah Lloyd, Isaac Wester, Jonas Baum, Thomas Tozin, and John B. Baum, containing 93 acres, more or less, it being the same premises conveyed unto Vincent Youst, to John Ripsch and Uriah Lloyd by John B. Baum and wife, by deed dated 13th January, 1875, recorded in Record Book, vol. 30, page 597, &c. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Wm. M. Lloyd & Co., for use of John McColgan.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Sam'l Will, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Wm. McNelis, Patrick McGuire, and John Wharton, containing 210 acres, more or less, about 100 of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one story plank house and bank barn, now in the occupancy of Samuel Will. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Bradley.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds *before* the confirmation of the deed.

JOHN RYAN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 8, 1878.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of *Fi. Fa.* and *Vend. Expon.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the hotel of Conrad Raab, in Johnstown, on SATURDAY, the 2d day of MARCH, 1878, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, to wit:

ALL the right, title and interest of Ephraim Adams, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Taylor township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Cambria Iron Company, Jonathan Eckel, George L. Bowser, and others, containing 150 acres, more or less, having thereon erected a two story plank house, a one story log house, bank barn and stable, now in the occupancy of Henry Rager and Jesse Berkepile. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of David R. Hess, administrator of John D. Adams.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Frederick Hoffman, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in the 4th Ward of Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the Bedford turnpike on the east, adjoining lot of Hugh Ryan on the north, and lands of heirs of J. Horner, deceased, on the south, running back to an alley, having thereon erected a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of Frederick Hoffman. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Margaret Stemmer.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds *before* the confirmation of the deed.

JOHN RYAN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 8, 1878.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Having been appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to hear and decide upon the exceptions filed to the confirmation of the first and partial account of Sylvester Byrne executor of James Byrne late of Carroll township, deceased, and report distribution of the fund in the hands of the executor to and among the parties entitled to receive the same, notice is hereby given to all parties interested that I will attend to the duties of said appointment at my office in Ebensburg, on FRIDAY, MARCH 8th, 1878, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where they must present their claims or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

G. W. OATMAN, Auditor.

Ebensburg, Feb. 14, 1878.-3t.*

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named Accounts have been passed and filed in the Register's office at Ebensburg, in and for the county of Cambria, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county, for confirmation and allowance, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of MARCH, A. D. 1878, to wit:

1. The account of Francis Hoover, guardian of Mary A. Eckard.
2. The first and final account of Thomas Hewitt, administrator of John Hewitt, late of Gallitzin borough, deceased.
3. The first and final account of Dan'l Dimond, executor of Levi Dimond, late of Taylor township, deceased.
4. The first and final account of Margaret A. Myers, executrix of Ann Myers, late of Munster township, deceased.
5. The first and partial account of Mary Phalen and Henry Bebe, administrators of Jas. Phalen, late of Carroll township, deceased.
6. The first and partial account of John S. McKiernan, executor of Benjamin Byers, deceased.
7. The second and final account of Jacob Yost, administrator of Leonard Ott, late of Blacklick township, deceased.
8. The first and partial account of J. T. Peterson, administrator of Sam'l Eakins, late of White township, deceased.
9. The first and final account of Bridget Brown administratrix of James A. Brown, late of Munster township, deceased.
10. The first and final account of Mary Jane Larimer, executrix of Wm. Larimer, who was executor of Robert Williams, late of Cambria township, deceased.
11. The first and partial account of Mary J. Schmidt and E. F. Spencer, administrators of E. F. Schmidt, late of White township, deceased.
12. The first and final account of James Myers administrator of Catharine Todd, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased.
13. The first and final account of John H. Arbie and Rosanna Arbie, administrators of William Arbie, late of Carroll township, deceased.
14. The first account of John H. Douglass, guardian of minor children of Magdalen Luther (late Magdalen Davis), deceased.
15. The first account of Moses B. Miller and Wm. Slick, executors of Wm. Slick, late of Stony creek township, deceased.
16. The second account of Joseph S. Strayer administrator de bonis non of Conrad Heckeroth, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
17. The first account of John Cox, administrator of Wm. Orr, late of Johnstown boro', dec'd.
18. The first account of Evan J. Bennett, executor of John Bennett, late of Carroll twp., dec'd.
19. The account of Henry Walters, administrator of John Dively, late of Croyle township, dec'd.
20. The account of F. J. Christy, executor of F. X. Christy, late of Gallitzin township, deceased.
21. The first and final account of F. A. Shoemaker, administrator of Wm. Quinton, late of Blacklick township, deceased.
22. The first and final account of John Snyder, administrator cum testamento annexo of George Snyder, late of Carroll township, deceased.
23. The account of George Snyder, executor of Jacob Kuntz, late of Carroll township, deceased.
24. The second and final account of Chas. Anna, guardian of Julian Glasser, minor child of Francis Glasser, late of Chest township, dec'd.
25. The first and final account of Griffith G. Owens, guardian of Oliver E. Thomas, a minor son of John R. Thomas, deceased.
26. The first account of Geo. C. K. Zahm, administrator cum testamento annexo of John Zimmerman, dec'd.

JAMES M. SINGER, Register.

Register's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 4, 1878.

TRIAL LIST, MARCH TERM.—List of Causes set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas to be held at Ebensburg in and for the county of Cambria, commencing on MONDAY, MARCH 4th, 1878:

FIRST WEEK.

Dishart	vs.	Snyder.
Dishart	vs.	Snyder.
Stich	vs.	Crouse.
Buck	vs.	McMullen.
Rose's use	vs.	Murphy's.
McFarlane & Co.	vs.	Litzinger.
McLaughlin Bros. agents	vs.	Jones.

SECOND WEEK.

Bonner	vs.	Christy.
Horner	vs.	McLaughlin.
Heslop	vs.	Heslop.
Watson	vs.	Lepsley.
McDermitt's	vs.	Flynn et al.
White	vs.	Martin et al.
O'Connor et al.	vs.	Cambria Coal & Coke Co.
Buck	vs.	Scanlan et al.
Collins, Johnson & Co.	vs.	Donegan.
Linner	vs.	Oaks.
Troxell	vs.	Osnell's.
Negley	vs.	Solomon.
Flattery	vs.	Flattery.
Flexter	vs.	Benton.
Shartz	vs.	Lamb.
Suler	vs.	Walters.
Hoppie	vs.	Stinebiser et al.
Wadsworth's	vs.	Crossgrove.
Fisher et al.	vs.	McConlon.
Collins	vs.	Cambria Iron Co.
Porter et al.	vs.	Wright et al.
Headrick	vs.	Ryan.
Umerlander	vs.	Arnold.
Crowley	vs.	Crowley.
Amherst	vs.	Bruesmer.

C. F. O'DONNELL, Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 4, 1878.

Adjourned Assignee's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, to me directed, I will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry on the premises on

FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1878,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain Piece or Parcel of Land

situated in Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pa., described as follows: Beginning at a beech on Chest Creek; thence south 84 degrees east 60 perches to a large sugar; thence by land in name of Isaac Van Ast south 2 degrees, east 138 perches, to an ironwood; thence by land conveyed in name of Moses Cox, south 88 degrees, west about 159 perches, to Chest Creek; thence down Chest Creek the several courses and distances thereof, to the place of beginning—containing about 100 Acres, about 30 Acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story PLANK HOUSE, a one-and-a-half story PLANK HOUSE, and a STABLE.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, one-third in one year thereafter, and the balance in two years thereafter. Payments deferred to bear interest from the confirmation of the sale and to be secured by the judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

JOHN WAGNER, Assignee of Charles A. McMullen.

Feb. 15, 1878.-3t.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.—Notice is hereby given that the following named appraisements of property of decedents, selected and set apart for the widows of intestates under the Act of Assembly of 14th of April, A. D. 1851, have been filed in the Register's office at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, for approval and allowance, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of MARCH, A. D. 1878, to wit:

1. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Henrietta Powell, widow of Thomas A. Powell, late of White township, deceased—$300.
2. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Annie E. Ziegler, widow of Justus Ziegler, late of Millville borough, deceased—$251.82.
3. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Mary Doyle, widow of James Doyle, late of Altoona, Blair county, deceased—$300.
4. Inventory and appraisement of certain real estate appraised and set apart for Mary J. Schmidt, widow of E. F. Schmidt, late of White township, deceased—$225.

JAMES M. SINGER, Register.

Register's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 3, 1877.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—S. E. BURNS *vs.* JOHN J. KRISE *et al.*—In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County, No. 189, December Term 1878, F. D.

And now, February 12, 1878, on motion of Johnston & Scanlan, Esqs., Joseph McDonald, Esq., appointed an Auditor to report distribution of the fund in the hands of the Sheriff, arising from the sale of the real estate of John J. Krise, to and among the parties entitled thereto. By the Court.

In pursuance of the above appointment, I will sit at the Court House, in Ebensburg, on FRIDAY, MARCH 1st, 1878, at 1 o'clock, P. M., where and when parties interested can attend if they think proper.

JOSEPH McDONALD, Auditor.

Ebensburg, Feb. 12, 1878. 3t.

PAY UP! PAY UP!—All persons indebted to the undersigned will oblige me and save costs for themselves by settling their accounts on or before the first day of April next.

WM. LITZINGER.

Loretto, Feb. 15, 1878.-3t.*

PIO NONO—FEBRUARY 7, 1878.

It was in Sinigaglia ; at a shrine ;
An aged woman knelt, and bow'd her head ;
Upon her face a sorrow half divine,
As to her neighbors worshipping she said,
In mournful accents, "The good Pope is dead !"

Then she recalled his gentle ways and face,
When but an humble priest his flock he fed
With words of wisdom and exceeding grace,
And tears fell fast as tenderly she said,
To sobbing kindred, "The good Pope is dead !"

What he had done for comfort of the poor,
The widow and the orphan and to spread
The joy of heavenly love from door to door,
This she remembered as with reverent head,
She still repeated, "The good Pope is dead!"

Along the bay the winter sun shone bright,
And o'er the crisp, cool waters gaily sped
The lateen sails, like wings of life and light,
While fervently with heaven her sad voice plead
For saintly glory for the good Pope is dead.

Above her rose the vast Cathedral's dome ;
From niche and vault shone many a sculptured head!
Of Saints who toiled to build a mightier Rome
Than Cæsar knew ; unheeding them she said,
Filled with his presence, "The good Pope is dead !"

So shall all people say, forgetting strife,
As o'er the world the mournful tidings spread,
How well he walked the thorny ways of life,
And o'er the darkest paths the sweetness shed
Of love and gentleness—the good Pope is dead ! —*Cincinnati Commercial.*

SAVED BY A DREAM.

That was a serious day for young Hubert Collins, when, during the financial panic of thirty years ago, the firm of Woolsey & Pellard succumbed to the pressure and went their way, with thousands of other concerns all over the country, to irretrievable ruin. Hubert, though but 21 years of age, held a responsible position under these unfortunate merchants, and was in the enjoyment of a lucrative salary. He was highly esteemed by his many acquaintances for the good qualities he possessed, as well as for the talent, aptitude and energy he evinced. Besides, he was liberal to a fault; and this, of itself, was enough to gain him innumerable friends, however questionable or brittle may be the bonds of amity pertaining to many of them.

Hubert had been married some three years when this fatal tide in his affairs engulfed him, and the father of two very interesting specimens of babyhood—a little girl some two years old, and a bouncing boy who had attained the mature age of six months or so.

Virginia Collins, the wife, was a sweet tempered little woman ; scarcely 20 and seemed to live, and was contented to live only, for her husband and little ones. She was not an extravagant wife, though like the rest of her sex, it is safe to assume that she yearned for the many feminine trifles in the way of dress and the like ; but she knew that Hubert could not afford them, and she silently submitted to the inevitable. It would have been infinitely better for her husband had he practiced the same economy in his out-door life, but Hubert was generous and full of hope, and liked his billiards and his wine as well as the rest, and he enjoyed them too. He was never at a loss, neither, to find some one to join him, and graciously permit him to settle therefor, which isn't a singular fact.

This prodigality had its due effect, however, when Hubert found himself without employment or money, and with three helpless beings dependent on him.

On the evening of the day on which his employers had failed, he turned with a heavy heart in the direction of his home, bitterly, but uselessly, bewailing his misfortunes and the prodigacy which had only rendered his situation incalculably worse. Happy in her ignorance of the day's events, his joyous little wife met him with her usual welcome ; but, with a woman's quick perception, she easily discerned, despite his efforts to appear natural and self possessed, that something unusual had eventuated to make Hubert abstracted, uncommunicative, and altogether unlike his happy, careless, frolicsome self.

Supper had been discussed, and the table cleared. The little ones had long since placed their tiny feet in dreamland, and Hubert and his wife sat alone. In grim, oppressive silence, he smoked his accustomed cigar, while the busy fingers of his wife plied diligently the maternal needle, ceasing occasionally to raise her large, gray eyes in dumb questioning to Hubert's clouded face and gathered brow. Though sharing, in common with all Eve's daughters, a woman's curiosity, she never asked the nature of his evident trouble, but patiently waited for him to break the silence. At last he did, with the single dissyllable, "Virginia !"

"What, my dear ?" she replied.

Another moment of undisturbed quiet followed, when he again laconically said, "We're beggars."

"Beggars, Hubert ?" she ejaculated. "Why, what do you mean ?"

He briefly but fully acquainted her with the day's disaster, concealed nothing regarding their critical and hopeless condition and concluded his unhappy recital with bitter curses on himself for his improvidence when he might have saved, and thus have provided in advance for a contingency which, had he been a prudent man, he should have feared, if not expected. Tears of mingled anger and penitence filled his eyes and rolled unheeded over his cheeks. Man's boasted strength had broken down in the face of present evil ; but woman's nobler courage, ignoring the present, pointed only to a future pregnant with hope and happiness.

"Well, never mind, dear," she soothingly answered. "This financial storm will soon blow over, and you'll have employment again. In the meantime——"

"Yes," he interrupted, as he despondently echoed : "In the meantime——"

"We can live for a little while without work," she continued, gayly ; "for I have over twenty pounds which I saved from time to time, and deposited in the Britannia Bank——"

"The Brittannia !" he exclaimed, again interrupting her. "Poor girl, that, too, has failed."

"Well," she calmly rejoined, "that's what I feared, and so I drew out my little hoard a week ago."

Poor Hubert was overwhelmed. Tears of unavailing remorse would not be repressed ; and he knelt at the feet of his precious wife, imploring her pardon for his improvidence. She gently raised him from his supplicating posture, and bade him say no more about it. But troubles come in groups. Hubert and the baby were taken sick at once ; and by the time each had recovered, the twenty odd pounds were exhausted, and they were in truth beggars.

Virginia had some wealthy connections, and a home was offered her and the little ones if she would leave her husband, whom, for some reason, they disliked. Like the true wife, she refused, though urged to accept the offer by Hubert himself ; for he, too, well knew what trials and deprivations his loved ones must undergo in his hopeless fight with the world. But, no ! Her place, she said, was by the side of him whom she had taken for richer, for poorer. She had shared his prosperity, and would not forsake him in adversity.

Severe indeed was the struggle. Business was completely deranged. Clerks were continually being discharged, and there was no room for others. Days, weeks and months passed. The dreaded winter was full upon them ; and the little family, sinking lower and lower in the chill depths of poverty, suffered untold misery. At last, poor Virginia succumbed, and lay tossing on the apology for a bed, in a high and dangerous fever.

"It's an ill wind that blows nobody good ;" and the truth of this was exemplified even during that terrible crisis. While thousands sank beneath the weight of liabilities they would never be enabled to discharge, others welcomed the storm that cast such richly freighted wrecks upon their shores. Hubert felt this keenly, as day after day, in his solitary ramblings in the city, he met the well dressed bankers and merchants, whom he knew by sight. There, in his wretched quarters, lay the fever stricken form of his wife, and there were his half starved, ragged little ones, suffering actually for the want of food and fuel. A tithe, even, of what some wealthy merchant spent on a dinner party or ball would relieve their every want. Why should it be ? Could there be a God, and such injustice at once ? He sought work, and found it not. They sought only pleasure, and lo ! it was at hand. These reflections maddened him. Smarting under his troubles—stifling the voice of conscience, and seeing only the emaciated, shivering forms of all he loved on earth—he thought ; and the deed was conceived. An opportunity was not long in presenting itself, and the deed was deed.

Not a penny had the poor fellow earned the whole day ; not a crust remained, and starvation stared the little family grimly in the face. Goaded to despair by his terrible surroundings, he seized his hat ; and resolutely grasping a stout staff he set out. The night was favorable to his fatal purpose. Dark clouds hid the moon and stars, and a freezing wind swept wildly through the almost deserted streets. For hours he walked—walked until the clocks tolled the noon of night.

Hark ! a step, uncertain as the tipsy voice accompanying it to some bacchanalian melody. Hubert seeks the friendly obscurity of some convenient alleyway. Nearer and nearer the same uncertain step approaches, and now it steps under the sickly glare of the street lamp. From his hiding place Hubert sees the reveller draw forth a costly watch and consult it. Diamonds glisten on his shirt front, and he has every appearance of being a rich prey.

Unseen by his intended victim, Hubert stealthily advances. With a murmured "Heaven forgive me !" from his lips, the heavy staff descends and the unsuspecting convivial reveller lies stunned and bleeding at the robber's feet !

Too late to rescue. On, Hubert, on !—Your wife and little ones are perishing ! And he obeys the voice. Watch and money are quickly transferred, and Hubert turns tremblingly away from the scene of his first crime. He lingered too long, however. His movements had been witnessed, and now the police were in hot pursuit. The startling cry of "Stop thief !" echoed on the night air, and the rushing breeze bore the shout along. Hubert ran wildly, closely followed by the police, and several men and boys who had joined in the chase. The pursuit was destined to be a short one, however, for Hubert fell on the treacherous ice, and in a moment he was in the strong grasp of the law.

* * * *

The trial was over ; the sentence pronounced ; a woman's shrieks rang piteously through the court ; and Hubert Collins, the convicted felon—the victim of circumstances—was remanded to gaol, preparatory to transportation to Australia.

Still loving her, Virginia's relatives came to her relief, and provided generously for her. But the loving wife, again remembering her vow to take him "for better, for worse," refused to listen to any overtures hinting at eternal separation from her husband, for believing him the soul of honor, and attributing the commission of the crime, which he was then expiating, solely to his love for her and his children, she determined, when his sentence should expire, to join him under any circumstances, and, seeking where they were all unknown, to begin life anew, filled with better purposes and hope.

* * * *

Sixteen years had glided into the irrevocable past—years fraught with painful longings and wretched doubts to Virginia Collins ; for Hubert's sentence had long since expired, and not a word of him had reached her. She knew that he had served his time, and was discharged alive and well ; but whither he had bent his steps, or what had been his employment, she never learned. Refusing to believe him dead, and trusting that he would yet return to her, with the little money left her by some deceased relative, she retired to a quiet village with her children, and, under the assumed name of Greenwood (which we shall continue to call her,) patiently waited for him to come. Her daughter, Virginia, had developed into a fine looking, intelligent girl of eighteen, and she was justly proud of her ; but her most intense love centered in her boy. He was the counterpart of his absent father ; and, for that, if nothing else, she worshipped him. He was a noble lad, and entertained the highest sense of honor—thanks to his mother ; for she had striven to inculcate throughout his early years, the best principles in him, and had succeeded.

The daughter, Virgy, as she was called, had numerous suitors, but, respecting her mother's unexplained reason, she rejected all offers, and was still heart free.

The family was highly esteemed in the village, and Mrs. Greenwood was supposed to be a widow. She had never said as much, but took no pains to correct the supposition. Their lives passed in one uninterrupted current of quiet and domestic sunshine ; and though the heart of the poor mother was heavy with her burden, she maintained a calm exterior, and her children, as well as the rest of the world, were ignorant of the existence of any sorrows. Their house, though small, was neatly furnished, and an air of cultivated refinement prevaded its inviting interior. Though not rich, Mrs. Greenwood possessed enough to satisfy every reasonable want, with a little to spare occasionally for the afflicted, while the wages earned by her son augmented the general fund. Nightly—nay, hourly—the poor wife besought heaven to restore her wandering husband. For years, upborne by a holy faith, she had ceaselessly prayed; but, as yet, without result. The time approached, however, when her entreaties were to be answered, though not in the way she had fondly anticipated.

For several days rumor was busy with the accounts of many robberies which had been perpetrated in a neighboring town, and all efforts to unearth the criminals had proved futile. Fears were entertained by the villagers of Louden, where our friends resided, that they, too, might be visited by the daring burglars, and every precaution was therefore adopted.

On a clear October night in the year 1855, the figure of a man, closely muffled, emerged from the stretch of woods in the rear of the village, and cautiously stole along till it halted at the house of Mrs. Greenwood. Carefully approaching one of the windows, the man scientifically and noiselessly pulled the shutters apart, and, in a moment stood within the kitchen. Pausing an instant to ascertain if his surreptitious entrance had occasioned any alarm, he drew forth and lighted a taper. With stealthy tread he explored every corner and closet, but finding nothing to satisfy his cupidity, the burglar quietly proceeded to the floor above. Reaching one of the rooms, he entered it. In the bed lay the sleeping form of young Virginia Greenwood, while, close at hand, under a pretty little mirror, stood a toilet table, upon which lay glittering, under the light of the intruder's taper, her watch and other jewelry.

Advancing to possess himself of the trinkets, the robber was arrested by a movement of the girl in her sleep. Satisfying himself that she still slept, he was about to seize the jewels, when his ear caught the sound of words issuing from the sleeper's lips. Shading the taper with his hand, he approached the bed and noiselessly bent his head towards the sleeper's face. Why does he pause so suddenly in his movements ? The lips again move in utterance, and these words fall brokenly upon his ear : "Father, dear father, come——"

And the voice died incoherently away. Then he gazed upon the unconscious features. What was there in them that caused his hand to tremble, and unnerved the robber's arm ? Again he looks ; and this time he started back, and the taper falls from his hand. There, before him, lay the living picture of the wife he had been torn from sixteen years ago. Then the words the daughter had spoken in her dream were fully understood ; and with the cry, "Wife—daughter—oh, heaven !" Hubert Collins sank heavily to the floor.

In an instant all was confusion. The daughter's shrieks awoke her mother and brother, who came rushing excitedly into the room bearing lighted candles. There knelt the burglar, who, extending his arms towards his wife, said, with choking voice and streaming eyes, but one word, "Virginia."

Wonderingly she approached him and closely scanned his bearded face. There was nothing familiar in it save his large, unchanging, handsome eyes, lighted by the sacred flame of his old love. Those she recognized, and, with a joyous cry, she clasped his neck and said, "Hubert, darling Hubert, thank God you've come at last !"

There was no more sleep in that house that night. The children and father were made acquainted, and all were happy. He showed them how he had gained entrance, and in the presence of his children, said he only wanted to surprise them. But when alone with his wife he confessed all. When he completed his sentence he determined to clear his name from every stain by becoming again a man of honor and respectability. When he should have succeeded in attaining this commendable end, then, but not till then, he would seek his family. He worked his passage back to England, but on his arrival, vainly he sought employment in every direction. A short sighted, hollow and uncharitable society had placed its ban upon the prison bird ; and having no testimonials, he found no employment. Rejected by society, he was forced to companionship with other released prisoners, and joined a gang of desperadoes. When this step was taken he relinquished every hope and intention of again seeking his beloved ones ; but accident, that night, had thrown him among them.

The next morning he drove with his son to a neighboring town, where, after having his grizzly beard entirely shaven off, he procured new and becoming clothing. His wife scarcely recognized him on his return, so complete was the transformation.

The news soon flew through the village that Mrs. Greenwood's husband had returned from several years' captivity among the Patagonians or Feejee Islanders, they didn't know which. It is needless to say that they were never satisfied ; for another morsel of wonderment was thrown among the gossippers with the fact that every article robbed from the adjacent town had been mysteriously restored.

Shortly after, Hubert and his family, under the name of Greenwood, (the children had never known any other) migrated to Canada. Before he went, however, he communicated anonymous information to the proper authorities, who were thereby enabled to effectually break up the band of which he had been a member.

The children never knew their father's history. In Canada he became a rich and respectable member of the community. Saved by a dream, to be sure ; but he owed all that he attained on earth, and, doubtless, the mercy and forgiveness of his Maker in heaven, to the devoted love, the unvarying affection, the bountiful faith and the untiring patience of a true and loyal wife. Are there many such ?

PROBABLY no man ever felt worse at being in the wrong pew than Jonah, when he found himself in the whale's spew.

THE THREE BATHERS.

A NEVADA INCIDENT.

Tom, with two friends, Joe and Jake, was making a painful journey from Pine Grove, in Esmeralda county, to Eastern Nevada. They camped one afternoon by some hot springs near Walker lake, and, discovering a hole half full of cold water near one of the hottest springs, turned the hot water as it flowed out of the spring into the hole, until the hot and cold water blending made exactly the right temperature for a bath. Then they plunged in and enjoyed the delicious water as only those can who have traveled over dusty alkali roads for several days. When they had eaten their supper and lighted their pipes the theme of conversation for a long time while they smoked was their bath and the wonderful refreshment it had brought them. They spread their blankets on a grassy spot behind some willows, a few yards away from the springs and fell asleep.

Tom was up with the dawn. The memory of the bath was fresh in his mind, and so he bounded from his blankets, and with a skip and a jump plunged into the clear water and sank to his neck. Then came a howl of anguish, and he sprung upon the bank with all the agility of a wildcat. In the meantime his fair skin had changed to the color of a pickled lobster. The hot water had been running all night ; all the cold water had been neutralized hours before the dawn, and now the water in the hole was about of the same temperature as the water in the boiling spring from which it flowed. Tom was in a terrible state. He says : "I thought I was pickled." But he did not hesitate as to the course he should pursue.

With infinite care he drew on his pants and boots. Forcing back tears of anguish he managed to walk back to camp. Though it wrung his heart, he put on his old time frank smile as he neared the rendezvous, for Jake was just then sitting up in his blankets, gaping and stretching. Seeing Tom approach, Jake asked where he had been. Tom replied that the recollection of the magnificent bath of the previous evening was so vivid in his memory that he could not think of breaking camp without repeating it, and added : "It's just lovely, Jake."

Jake did not wait to hear more, but sprung from his bed and rushed away toward the spring. As swiftly as Tom could he followed, and from behind the willows kept covert watch. He saw Jake throw off his few clothes, spring into the water, heard a yell of anguish, and then saw him with wonderful haste emerge and spring upon the bank, and vainly try by swift application of his hands to different parts of his body, to arrest the intolerable pain, swearing and crying all the time.

At last Jake managed to get into his clothes and started for camp. Meeting Tom he began with fierce invective to upbraid him for his deception. "Hush up," said he ; "would you bawl like a calf and give us away when I want to cook the other son-of-a-gun up in camp?"

Soothed by this, Jake grew quiet, and both leisurely proceeded to camp. By this time Joe had commenced to rouse up, and, seeing the others approach, asked them where they had been. Tom answered cheerfully (he was holding his pantaloons away from his body in the rear at the time) : "Do you think we could break camp without one more magnificent swim? Not much."

At this Joe, getting up, cried : "Not much, you bet !" and dashed away toward the spring.

As he disappeared behind the willows Tom sprung for his pistol, and said to Jake : "Get your gun, quick ; it will mean business when Joe comes back." In a few seconds Joe did come. He was crying and cursing furiously, and never stopped until he caught up his pistol.

"Drop it," said Tom. "I have a dead bead on you, and so has Jake. Besides I took all the caps off your gun."

The difficulty was finally adjusted ; but the trio took their breakfast standing that morning, and, to spare the mule, they did not ride much for the succeeding three days.—*Chicago Ledger.*

THE RICHEST MAN IN THE WORLD.—If money be power, says the *Whitehall Review*, what a force is J. W. Mackey, who, thirty years since, was a penniless boy in Ireland. Twenty years ago he travelled through the United States as a speculative salesman, and sixteen years ago he was a bankrupt. To-day at the age of forty five, Mr. Mackey owns three eighths of the great Bonanza, the richest silver mine that has ever been discovered, and draws out of Nevada a yearly income of £2,750,000, which is the interest at five per cent on a capital of £55,000,000. Though comparisons are odious, it is curious to note the difference in the income of the three richest men on earth.

	SENATOR JONES.	ROTHCHILDS.	MACKEY.
Capital	£20,000,000	£40,000,000	£55,000,000
Per year	1,000,000	2,000,000	2,750,000
Per month	80,000	200,000	229,000
Per day	3,000	6,000	7,000
Per hour	100	200	300
Per minute	2	2	5

Mr. Mackey's fortune increases £5 every minute. The question is what will he do with it. Or, perhaps, it would be more cautious to ask, what will it do with him? Fortunes in the far West often vanish as rapidly as they are acquired.

A MISTAKE IN THE NAME.—The Middletown *Press* prints this story : "The following is fresh from Syracuse, and is entirely authentic : A prominent church of that city has been afflicted in its last two pastors, one of whom has deceased, and the other become disabled by overwork so that he has sought a milder climate for the winter. One of the brethren, a correspondent of the absent pastor, knowing the anxiety to hear of the minister's welfare, announced at one of the meetings his latest intelligence just received, but by a singular infelicity got the deceased pastor's name into the place of the debilitated one. 'I have just got,' he remarked, 'a letter from the dear absent pastor, ——,' giving the dead minister's name. 'He says the weather is very warm—indeed, unusually and uncomfortably warm even in that locality.' At this point a general smile, which could not resist the provocation to become vocal in the congregation, brought the brother to a pause, and a perception also of a mistake in the matter of his nomenclature. 'Oh, I see ; it is Rev. Dr. ——, our present pastor, whose name I meant to give.' "

SCIENTIFIC JUGGLERY.

We have often thought that if professional conjurors would substitute for such time honored tricks as making omelettes in hats, and causing cards to appear and disappear, some of the really wonder working performances of the electric current, they would succeed much better in mystifying, amusing, and perhaps instructing their audiences.

Mr. Heller, a clever magician now performing in this city, has a neat way of bringing the electric current to his aid where it would hardly be expected. For example, after borrowing a few watches he places them on a plate which he suspends by a bit of string to a little bar between two cords from the ceiling. Suddenly a flash comes from the bar, the string is burned, and plate and watches fall with a crash. The broken plate and ruined watches are restored by shooting them out of a gun, against a framed black square, also suspended by cords from the ceiling, and here again the electric current actuates mechanism which causes the lightning-like disappearance of an interposing screen. The current again works the hammer of a glass bell apparently suspended by a mere thread, but which accurately counts the number of spots on chosen cards. In electro music Mr. Heller is an adept. He has a dozen or more drums which he heaps up on a kind of barrow in the middle of his stage. Then seating himself at his piano, at some distance away, he plays a lively air, to which the mysterious drums at first beat time, and then play a deafening accompaniment. Of course, concealed hammers operated by electro-magnets are at the bottom of the puzzle. The Heller orchestrion is a much more elaborate contrivance. It is a good sized parlor organ, provided with a supplemental keyboard, and surmounted with a bewildering mass of brass tubes and apparatus. An air played by the performer is suddenly accompanied by a chime of large bells at the further end of the hall, then by small bells near by, then from another organ near the ceiling issues notes like a flute, a chorus of sleigh bells in still another part of the hall joins in; the music imitates a storm, now a huge iron plate in another quarter rattles itself, while from a box near the ceiling issues the sound of falling rain. Finally two sharp explosions from miniature guns near the roof are heard, the lights are turned down, and on the screen appear revolving Geissler tubes, flashing out green and blue light in the weirdest manner, as the curtain shuts the magician and his instrument from view.

He also shows a number of other ingenious illusions, some of which depend upon remarkable automata and many upon electrical action. Upon a simple trapeze suspended from a bar over his stage, he seats a doll dressed as a gymnast. The trapeze is set oscillating, and thereupon for some ten minutes the doll goes through a series of performances, the very variety of which baffles all theories as to how the figure is worked. The hands alone touch the trapeze bar, and the mechanism in the body is necessarily governed through the ropes and cross pieces ; but it is no so easy to explain how, in concluding, the figure lets go with its hands, throws a somersault and catches on its toes, continuing the swinging in that position. Another automaton is a peacock, which cries, moves its head, eats, and spreads its tail at the order of the conjurer. Still another is a doll which emerges from a box, seats itself on the edge, goes through many laughable antics, and ends by smoking a pipe, puffing forth the smoke in the most natural manner.—*Scientific American.*

A Bit of Washington's Strategy.

In the month of July, 1777, the American army was at Middlebrook, N. J. General Howe, with the main body of the British army, held New York, and it was known that Burgoyne was coming down the Hudson with a heavy force. An English fleet lay in New York bay, and toward the middle of the month (July) it was reported to Washington that an unusual movement was being made on the water. He was uneasy. It was a critical period. A certain movement he much desired to make, and in order to make it successfully not only must the utmost secrecy be preserved, but, if possible, the attention of the enemy must be drawn in another direction. Finally he prepared a despatch of seeming great importance, directed it to General Israel Putnam, which he proposed to forward by an honest Vermont soldier. The soldier was directed to don the garb of a common farm laborer, and to then report at the headquarters of the Commander-in-Chief, which he did. Admitted to Washington's presence, he was directed to take off one of his heavy shoes. A shoemaker was present with his kit of tools, who took the shoe in hand, and very soon had the despatch pegged up between the two soles.

When the soldier, who had witnessed the operation, had put on the shoe again Washington told him what he was to do. He was simply to deliver that shoe to General Putnam at a certain cantonment between Princeton and the Hudson, and he was to make his way through the Ramapo Pass.

"But, General," cried the man in amazement, "I can reach General Putnam just as quickly by another route. Think of the Cow Boys and the Tories in that pass. I shall be surely captured."

"My good man," said the Commander-in-Chief, betraying not a particle of anger, "I do not require you to think, but simply to act and obey. If you fear to go by that route I will send another in your place. I know the danger."

"No, General, I will go."

And the man went ; and he was captured as Washington had known he must be, and the enemy, keenly on the alert, found the despatch, for the hiding place between the soles of the shoe was an old device—found it, as the sender hoped it would be found, and the contents of that despatch led General Howe upon a false trail long enough to enable General Washington to accomplish the purpose he had in view.

MUSICAL FISH.—Round the coast of the island of Ceylon, in the Indian ocean, may be found musical fish. Their song—if it may be called a song—is not one sustained note, like a bird's, but a multitude of tiny sounds, each clear and distinct in itself, something like the vibrations of a wine glass when its rim is rubbed by a moistened finger. In the harbor of Bombay there is another species of fish producing a sound like an Eolian harp.

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - MARCH 1, 1878.

THE amendments made by the Senate to the silver bill were concurred in by the House on yesterday week by an average vote of 202 yeas to 71 nays, which is more than two thirds. The leading belief at Washington is that Mr. Hayes, will veto it, which would not prevent its becoming a law by a two-thirds vote of each House, unless a change of opinion has come over two members of the Senate, as is alleged, but which is not very probable.

THE seat of James B. Reilly, the Democratic member of Congress from Schuylkill county, in this State, is contested by James B. Nutting, Republican. A Washington dispatch states that the printed testimony in the case covers 1,331 pages, and that the despositions of 1,636 witnesses have been taken. Several maps of Mahonoy and other portions of the district where it is alleged fraudulent votes were cast accompany the evidence. The cost of printing the testimony will amount to $5,000 and $1,000 copies will be furnished to the two Houses as required by law, and about 5,000 copies bound in calf. It is thought that it will require the entire session of Congress to enable the Election Committee to examine the case. We should think so. Outside of Philadelphia there is more corrupt, illegal and crooked voting done in the two counties of Schuylkill and Luzerne than in all the balance of the sixty-six counties of the State.

ON Monday last Judge Whitaker, of New Orleans, before whom Thomas C. Anderson was tried for forging and altering the election returns of Vernon parish, overruled the motion for a new trial made by Anderson's counsel, and sentenced him to two years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. It is confidently asserted that Governor Nicholls will pardon him, and that the State Senate will confirm the act. The reason assigned for Gov. Nicholls' interference is that a positive agreement was made between him and the five gentlemen, of whom Wayne MacVeagh, of this State, was the active spirit, who were sent by Hayes to New Orleans last spring, that if the troops were removed from the State House not only past political offences should be forgiven, but even the Returning Board should not be molested. Governor Nicholls is an honorable man, and if he made such a bargain, which seems to be very improbable, he will stand by it. His prompt action or his refusal to interfere will settle the disputed question.

DR. ST. CLAIR, of Indiana, who is a member of the State Senate, occupies a high rank in his own profession, but is not likely to achieve distinguished honor as a legislator. Some time ago he introduced a bill into the Senate imposing a tax of one cent per gallon on petroleum oil, to be paid by the producer. This tax would bring into the State treasury about *five millions* of dollars annually. The tax being paid by the producer would of course be added by him on his sales, and thus the people themselves would eventually pay it. But what does Dr. St. Clair propose to do with his five millions after he succeeds in getting them into the treasury? They are not wanted there just now, as the present revenues of the State are amply sufficient to meet the annual demands on the treasury and to pay the interest on the State debt. In any possible aspect a large surplus in the treasury is not desirable, for the reason that the State Treasurer, and not the State, derives the interest arising from its loan to banks and similar institutions—a practice that Colonel Noyes will change when he takes charge of the office. We do not imagine for one moment that Dr. St. Clair's bill will pass, and the only difficulty we have had about it was to even guess what good purpose he expected to accomplish by it. If the bill ever comes before the Senate the consumers of petroleum will call upon the doctor to give some good reasons for his proposed tax on *light*.

AT the election on last Tuesday week the voters in six wards in Philadelphia, in which they have a special local option law, passed on the question whether or not license should be granted in their respective wards, and here is the result:

	For.	Against.
Thirteenth ward	1050	51
Fourteenth ward	1099	80
Fifteenth ward	2069	140
Twentieth ward	954	42
Twenty-first ward	1100	28
Twenty-ninth ward	116	1
	6,398	440

This result is certainly not calculated to inspire the advocates of the local option project with any confidence in their future success. It will be observed that the total vote did not reach 7,000, whereas the aggregate vote in the same wards at the Presidential election in 1876 was over 32,000. It is apparent, therefore, that only about *one* man out of every *five* felt enough interest in the important question of temperance to induce him either to vote for or against license. It was once the habit of Republican editors and stump speakers to denounce the Democratic party as the "whiskey party," and if these six Philadelphia wards were Democratic in their politics the overwhelming vote in favor of license, as published above, would be proclaimed as conclusive evidence that the Democracy are opposed to temperance. It would be no argument, but still Republican demagogues would resort to it. It is proper, therefore, to say that in these wards Hayes received 18,693 votes and Tilden 13,496, giving Hayes a majority of 5,197. The vote on the license question simply proves that the people in the six wards alluded to have become so disgusted with the practical operation of the local option law that they have ceased to feel the slightest interest in its continuance, and permitted it to die without making the least effort to save its life.

THE members of the investigating committee appointed last year by the South Carolina Legislature, to ascertain what frauds had been committed on the treasury, and to what extent the money of the State had been mishapplied, made a report last week which reveals a mass of corruption and exposes an amount of systematic fraud on the part of the officials of that State which even in these degenerate days is without a parallel. The system of robbery practised was not confined to any one branch of the government, but included every official from the Governor down through both houses of the Legislature. The evidence upon which this report is based all comes from Republican witnesses, and was taken before a committee whose chairman is a Republican. The investigation covered the period from 1868 to 1876. Perhaps the most interesting portion of the report is that which relates to the thieving operations of the members of the Legislature, who adopted the convenient doctrine that the State was bound to pay for everything they ate, drank, or wore; or, as it was well expressed by a colored Senator in his testimony, "The State had no right to be a State unless she could take care of her statesmen." Costly wines, high-priced liquors and the very best cigars were furnished to members, under the head of "supplies," without limit, and during one short session $350,000 were spent for refreshments alone. It is estimated that the State paid for enough liquor to furnish one gallon per day to each of the 156 members. The clerk of the House, Jones by name and black by nature, testified that supplies were furnished to members under the head of "legislative expenses" and "stationery," and that they included refreshments, groceries, dry goods, clocks, horses, furniture, carriages and merchandise of nearly every description; and that at one session these amounts reached the enormous sum of $350,000, as appears from the vouchers in the State Treasurer's office. In a single session the State was charged with 4,658 yards of the most expensive Burssels carpet, when it was shown that 1,300 yards would cover every room in the State House. Costly jewelry was furnished the members, and kid gloves, corsets, garters, chemises, parasols, bustles, and other articles for their wives and mistresses, were liberally supplied. Such is a sample of the manner in which the intelligent and property-holding white citizens of South Carolina, who paid all the taxes, were robbed and plundered by successive negro Legislatures. And yet when Hampton became Governor and undertook to inaugurate an era of honesty and responsibility in State affairs, in which he has fully succeeded, Blaine and the rest of the Republican leaders proclaimed that the colored people of the South had been betrayed into the hands of their enemies. The delusion under which for years thousands of honest Republicans labored as to the true character of negro government in the South is rapidly disappearing in the light of facts, and they are beginning to comprehend it in all the length and breadth of its great enormity.

THE national convention of the Greenback-Labor party met at Toledo last Friday, and was presided over by Francis W. Hughes, of this State. Twenty-three out of the thirty nine States were represented. An extreme greenback platform was adopted, the first resolution of which declares that the party shall hereafter be known as the "National Party." The word "Bank" ought to be inserted after "National," so that the party might have its true name, because greenbacks, and plenty of them, constitute its *alpha* and *omega*—the beginning and the end of its creed. The President of the convention, Frank Hughes, was its ablest but not its best known member, for it contained that political mountebank, Sam Carey, of Ohio, Blanton, or more appropriately, *Blatant* Duncan, of Kentucky, and the notorious "Brick" Pomeroy—a *trio* whose presence is well calculated effectually to damn any convention, no matter by what name it may be called. After the resolutions, which we publish in another column, were adopted and an executive committee appointed, the convention adjourned *sine die*. On the return trip from Toledo and while passing through Ohio, a novel performance took place in one of the cars, which was filled with delegates from Pennsylvania and from States further east. A meeting was organized, officers elected and speeches made, the cars running meantime at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour. Samuel Calvin, the greenback oracle of Blair county, made the first speech, and the telegraph reported that "his powerful voice was raised far above the rattle of the car wheels in eloquent defence of the doctrines of the National party." It must have been a glorious spectacle to see Calvin standing in a railroad car running at the rate of twenty five miles an hour, and, with stentorian voice, heard far above the din and clatter of the swiftly revolving car wheels, pleading eloquently for an unlimited issue of greenbacks. They are his present *panacea* for all the business ills which afflict the country, though there was a time, not very remote, when he rolled a high protective tariff, which is simply legalized robbery, under his tongue as a sweet morsel without which the best interest of the country would surely perish. But times change and men change with them.

HOW PIUS IX. ABOLISHED THE TAX ON SALT.—Among the stories told about Pio Nono since his death the following deserves place:

"Shortly after his election to the Papacy, and when Cardinal Antonelli held his first office under him, that of Finance Minister, the Romans, meeting their Pontiff in the street, complained to him of the tax on salt. The tax was a monopoly farmed by one of the speculators who thrived in earlier days. Pio Nono sent for the speculator. 'I suppose that salt tax is very valuable to you,' said he. The speculator trembled, fearing the price of the monopoly was about to be raised; protested that it was a dead loss. 'How much would compensate you for being relieved of your loss?' asked His Holiness. The salt-tax farmer named a ridiculously low sum. 'Then,' said the Pope, 'you shall have the money;' and calling for Antonelli, ordered him to pay it. The rogue of a speculator refused; but on being informed by the Pope that he would publish the fact that he had offered him his own price for the monopoly, at last took the money, and went away a sadder, a wiser, and, prospectively, a more honest man. The day afterwards the salt-tax was abolished."

THE Republican Legislature at Harrisburg, after having been in session almost two months, has succeeded in sending *three* bills to the Governor for his action. It is well that such should be the meagre harvest of legislation, for the fewer laws that are enacted the less likely are the interests of the people to suffer. One of these bills, which provided for the election of an additional law judge in Northumberland county, was promptly vetoed, for the reason, as stated by the Governor, that the business of the courts in that county did not require the services of another judge. At the last census the county contained a population of a fraction over 41,000, and by itself constitutes a separate judicial district. There are a large number of counties in the State with a much greater population and having more judicial business than Northumberland, in which one judge has been found amply sufficient to preside over the courts. Judge Dean in our own district succeeds admirably, although the task is a severe one, in keeping the judicial machine in good running order in *three* counties, each one of which is nearly as populous as Northumberland. It is a pleasant thing to be a Presiding Judge with a consciousness of fitness for the office, and this vetoed bill was simply intended for some lawyer who thinks himself competent, although others may not, for the bench, the question of necessity, as it seems, not having any connection with it whatever. The Governor has now opened the way for a veto, upon the same grounds, of the Philadelphia Recorder's bill, and the Bank Commissioner's bill, intended for the respective benefit of his friends Quay and Hart, when they pass both houses, as they undoubtedly will. That he will prove equal to the occasion and sustain the outspoken opinion of the press and people of Philadelphia in opposition to both projects, is, however, not to be hoped for.

SIN AND SHAME.—"I tell you the girl is all right, and I am not bound to answer any questions about her." So said "Miss Maud Stanley," the proprietress of one of the abodes of fallen women on First avenue to a reporter of the Pittsburg *Dispatch* on Sunday night last. Yet at that time a young girl, the subject of the reporter's inquiries, was raving in the wildest delirium in Madame Stanley's house, and it is not unlikely that she is dying now. There are but few visitors admitted to see the poor destroyed child, Belle Williams, who is slowly dying because of the infamy practiced upon her by a wretch called a man. The doctor who goes twice every day to visit her is the only individual, aside from those personages of doubtful virtue among whom her lot is cast, who is admitted. Professional man that he is, he has no secrets to tell now, but it is not a secret that the child (for she is less than fifteen years old) is sick almost unto death. It is said that it is only because she, being a child, has been treated shamelessly by brutal men that she is lying as related. But there are reports abroad (reports that it is to be feared there will be an opportunity for a Coroner's jury to investigate) that the case in some of its features is not unlike that of poor Mary Kavanaugh. It is but just to say that these reports do not have reference to the proprietress of the house where the girl now is. It appears, from all the stories, that really the child has met only with kindness in this place.

The poor dying child in her delirium has repeated time after time a coherent story. It is briefly that her brutal, drunken father, with whom she lived in Sharon, sold her for $100 to the equally brutal though not equally besotted son of a hotel keeper there, who accomplished her ruin and injured so that she is near death's door. He sent her to this city and to the house mentioned. It is stated that the woman, Stanley, would not receive her as an inmate, but gave her work in the kitchen. There she took sick a few hours after her arrival, and in that house of shame she is now dying.

FASTER THAN A MILE A MINUTE.—Every one acquainted with the Dunkirk, Warren and Pittsburgh Railroad knows how rapid is the descent from Laona into Fredonia. Last Saturday evening, about 11 o'clock, an accident happened at that place. The night was intensely cold, and when the regular freight train pulled out of Cassadaga all the brakemen but one were in the caboose warming up, preparatory to standing guard over the long train of twenty-nine cars when the heavy grade should be reached. Just after leaving the station the train broke in two, the last five cars being left behind, the others, with only one brakeman, going on, unaware of the accident. The top of the hill was reached and the descent begun. The engineer, finding himself impelled along at a terrible rate, reversed his engine, though he says he expected to see the cylinder heads blown out and his locomotive a wreck—and whistled for brakes. The cars were covered with ice and snow, and the solitary brakeman took his life in his hand when, in the darkness, and the train thundering along at the rate of about a mile a minute down a grade that increased the speed every second, he sprang from one car to another and set every brake on the whole twenty-three cars. The run from the top of the hill to Fredonia was made in an incredibly short space of time, and to the bravery of the brakeman, the quick discovery of the impending danger by the engineer, and the good work of the locomotive and every brake, is due the fact that the train was kept from a plunge into the Dunkirk depot and total annihilation. —*Jamestown Democrat.*

A THRILLING ADVENTURE AND WONDERFUL ESCAPE.—The *Crude Local*, published at St. Petersburg, Clarion county, is responsible for the following:

A strange occurrence, indeed we might say a miracle almost, was related to us the other day by a gentleman from Clarion. As told to us the story runs: On Tuesday afternoon a drummer for a Pittsburgh boot and shoe house hired a livery rig from Messrs. Lowry & Montgomery, of Clarion, for the purpose of going to Fryburg. He went to his destination all right, but having imbibed pretty freely, fell asleep in his wagon, while on the journey back that evening, and when coming down the hill which leads to the bridge across the Clarion river, the horses left the road and traveled along the railroad. Reaching the trestle which crosses the ravine just before getting to the railroad bridge, the horses went boldly forward, dragging behind them the wagon and its unconscious freight, and reaching the opposite side in safety, when they were discovered by the people living in a house close to the track and both horses and man were rescued from the dangers inevitable upon a further pursuit of the dangerous path, as the river bridge was only a few short rods ahead and there could be no chance of passing that in safety. The danger of the trip and almost miraculous preservation from an instantaneous and awful death vouchsafed to the drowsy drummer can be better appreciated when it is understood that the trestle passed over was 180 feet long, sixty feet high in the middle, and only five feet wide on top, while the wagon tracked four feet eight inches, leaving only four inches, two on each side, between safety and death. The only hypothesis upon which the wonder can be explained is that the horses both traveled inside the rails which are only three feet apart and, consequently, crowding close together, went exactly straight ahead. The space between the ties on the trestle being but three inches, no great difficulty would be experienced on that score. We must acknowledge the story savors a great deal of romance, but coming to us from the source it did we have no reason to doubt its truth.

The New Pope.

On the second day after entering upon its work, the Conclave in the Vatican has given to the Catholic world a new Pope, who, there is every reason to believe, combines in himself all the qualities that are required for the position at this period of the Church's history. To the place of the highest importance and the greatest power among the sons of men, Cardinal Pecci has ascended as Leo XIII. But yesterday an unobtrusive and austere member of the Sacred College, to-day he stands in the Vatican as the Vicar of Christ, the successor of St. Peter, the visible head of the Catholic Church—wearing the crown of Catholicity, wielding the sceptre of infallibility, and carrying in his girdle the keys of the Kingdom of Heaven.

The new Pope is worthy to take the place of Pius IX. Those who best know his mind, his life, his talents, and his powers, and who are best capable of judging his fitness to fill the pontifical throne, have so decided. All accounts agree in praising him. He is described as a man who in many respects resembles the late Pope—full of piety and zeal, of elevated mind, of great dignity, sociable, vivacious, and witty. Of his learning, his familiarity with ecclesiastical affairs, his comprehension of the relations of the Church to the Governments of Europe, and of the policy to be persuaded by the Vatican, there is, of course, abundant assurance in the fact of his election. He has been in the Cardinalate for a quarter of a century, and he has all the experience acquired in that position. He has had other public experiences, having been Nuncio at Brussels, and having at another time, as Papal delegate, been active in suppressing brigandage in several parts of the States of the Church. He is spoken of as a practical and politic man, with great knowledge of men and great skill in dealing with them. In short, in whatever way he is regarded, the Catholic world will feel assured that Joachim Pecci is qualified to sustain the grandeur of the Popedom and the authority of the Church. More beloved than the last Pope he cannot be.

Politically, the new Pope belongs to what is called the moderate branch of the Cardinals—though it is not easy to tell what this means or implies under present circumstances. He has been spoken of since the death of Pius IX. as one of the two candidates upon whom the moderate party rested their hopes of peace in the adjustment of the relations between the Vatican and the Italian Government and the other Governments of Europe. But we can see no ground for believing that he will turn his back on the policy of his predecessor, or enter into any compromise respecting the authoritative claims of the chair of St. Peter. Whether or not he has any hope of the restoration of the temporal kingdom of the Church in Rome, he will not surrender an iota of its ancient power.

The quickness with which the election of the Pope followed the assemblage of the Conclave, puts an end to the accounts that have been published of party antagonisms and divisions among its members. He was elected upon the morning of the second day of the Conclave, and by the third ballot, which gave him the requisite majority of two-thirds. This gives satisfactory evidence that the great body of the Conclave regarded him, from the first, as the man designated by Heaven to fill the position to which he has been chosen, and in which he will henceforth be known as Leo XIII. —*New York Sun.*

Platform of the "National Party."

Following are the resolutions, boiled down, of the so-called "National Party," as adopted at a convention held in Toledo, Ohio, on Friday last. They declare—

First—That all right to make and issue money of all kinds is vested in the Government.

Second—Declares against privileged classes of creditors and in favor of legal tender notes for debts of every kind.

Third—That the coinage of silver be placed upon the same footing with gold.

Fourth—That buyers shall provide such money in sufficient quantities for the full employment of labor and so that the rate of interest shall be low.

Fifth—That no class of property should be exempt from its just share of taxation.

Sixth—Against donating the public lands to railroad and other corporations.

Seventh—In favor of the Government encouraging all industrial pursuits, but legalizing no monopolies.

Eigath—In favor of abolishing all useless offices and exercising economy and severe punishment for unfaithful officials.

Ninth—That hours of labor be reduced, that the working classes may have more time for mental improvement.

Tenth—The adoption of an American monetary system, as proposed herein, will harmonize all differences in regard to tariff and Federal taxation, reduce and equalize the cost of transportation by land and water, distribute equitably the joint earnings of capital and labor, secure to the producers of wealth the results of their labor and skill, muster out of the service the vast army of idlers who, under the existing system, grow rich upon the earnings of others, that every man and woman may by their own efforts secure a competence, so that overgrown fortunes and extreme poverty will be seldom found within the limits of our Republic.

Eleventh—Both National and State Governments should establish Bureaus of Labor and Industrial Statistics, clothed with the power of gathering and publishing the same.

Twelfth—That the contract system of employing labor in our prisons and reformatory institutions works great injustice to our mechanics and artisans, and should be prohibited.

Thirteenth—The importation of servile labor into the United States from China is a problem of the most serious importance, and we recommend legislation looking to its suppression.

Each resolution was received with applause. Both vociferous and long-continued cheering greeted the first plank, which bears more directly on the financial question. The whole platform was immediately adopted without debate, and by a unanimous vote.

A WONDERFUL INVENTOR.—A New York *Sun* reporter visited Menlo Park, N. J., the other day, to chat with Prof. Thomas A. Edison, the inventor of an automatic telegraph, quadruplex and sextuplex dispatches, carbon telephone, stock indicator, electric pen, afraphone, marvellous speaking phonograph, and a score or more of similar machines. He is also discoverer of the electro-motograph, by which dispatches may be telegraphed without magnetism. Scientific men regard it as his greatest discovery, and predict that it will some day prove of immense value. Mr. Edison is a man of thirty-one. The reporter gives two columns of closely printed matter on the great inventor's marvellous discoveries. That portion of the article relating to the untold wonders of the speaking phonograph is intensely interesting. It appears that Edison will be able to make the Bedloes Island statue talk and whistle so as to be heard for miles around. The *Sun* says, editorially, if the owners of materialized spirits could have got hold of Prof. Edison's speaking phonograph and kept it from the public there would undoubtedly have been a great revival of spiritualism throughout the country. With this machine a materialized spirit could have talked in the voice and tone of the dead person it was supposed to represent, and it is reasonable to infer that the most obstinate skeptics, recognizing the voices of their friends, would have been willing to acknowledge that the mediums held communication with the shadowy residents of another world.

THE treaty of peace between Russia and Turkey has not yet been signed, the delay being occasioned by the efforts of Turkey to secure a change of some of the severe terms demanded by Russia, which she may possibly succeed in doing.

News and Other Notings.

—A Maine woman has a head of natural hair over eight feet long.

—All the families of Danby, Vt., are now related through cousins intermarrying.

—Mollie Darling teaches a writing school in Devereux, Herkimer county, N. Y.

—A silver mine is reported to have been discovered recently near Myerstown, Lebanon county.

—Godfrey Brossais Saint Maria, Cardinal Archbishop of Rennes, France, died on Wednesday last.

—A special from Rome says an explosion of dynamite at Parma, Italy, on Saturday, killed six and wounded sixty-three persons.

—A Michigan woman of wealth and strong convictions has hired a man to preach a literal hell throughout the country.

—James Cook, a married man of Johnson county, Indiana, has been indicted for assault for paroxysmally kissing Miss Alice Pitcher.

—A Cincinnati landlord is holding a woman's baby as security for four dollars board. Seems to us we'd rather lose the four dollars.

—The house of David Oikle, near Bridgewater, N. S., was burned on Friday night. His son perished in the flames, and Mrs. Oikle was badly burned.

—The long-continued blindness of a woman in Elizabethtown, Ky., was recently broken by an hour of sight, after which she became totally blind again.

—When a mail bag was opened at Annapolis, N. S., on Wednesday last, a cat jumped out, and is now duly established in the good graces of the postmaster.

—The boiler of the Chinese coasting vessel Yesso exploded recently, killing about eighty natives. The engineer has been imprisoned for manslaughter.

—On Saturday evening an infant child of Mrs. Margaret Dewitt, a widow, living one mile west of Forest, Ohio, choked to death, caused by a worm in its throat.

—The elevator in the Grand Hotel, Paris, lost its balance on Sunday last, and was carried to the roof with great force, killing a Russian lady, a French gentleman, and a servant.

—Graves county, Kentucky, claims a woman who has given birth to five children in thirteen months. The distracted husband has not been heard from since the official count.

—The boiler of the Mound City flouring mills, situated about two and a half miles east of Bigelow, Mo., exploded with terrific force, entirely demolishing everything and instantly killing four men.

—A Dubuque man, some four years ago, buried $4,000 in a field, and soon after left the State. He returned and only found his treasure after many months of search, the old landmarks having been removed.

—The Brooklyn (N. Y.) Court House had its flags at half-mast for one week in reverence to the memory of Pius IX. This mark of respect was tendered by vote of the Kings County Board of Supervisors.

—The Presbyterian, Catholic and Episcopal churches at Hazelwood, in the 23d Ward, Pittsburgh, were broken into a few nights ago and robbed of Sunday school books, religious cards, candles, vestments, etc.

—Captain Hitchcock, principal of the Germantown (O.) public schools, is under arrest for an abominable outrage. The warrant was procured by the mother of the young lady. Hitchcock's wife has taken steps toward a divorce.

—An eccentric and useful sheep is kept on a steamer plying between San Francisco and Stockton. He is trained to go out on a gang plank at a landing when a flock is to be loaded, to show that the approach is safe, and to act as a pilot.

—The New York *Observer* says that the Baptist church at Binghamton, which invited Col. Bob Ingersoll to lecture before it for the benefit of the funds of the church, "reminds one of the mode by which Judas earned his thirty pieces of silver."

—Governor Hartranft has issued warrants for the execution of Patrick Hester, Peter McHugh, and Patrick Tully, of Columbia county, on the 28th of March next, and Jack Kehoe and Dennis Donnelly, of Scuylkill county on the 18th of April.

—New Yorkers have commenced eating horseflesh, and a Chambers-street restaurant hangs out a sign offering this diet to its customers. There now seems to be a way to dispose of the street-car mules as the old vehicles are replaced by steam.

—Some months ago Joseph Brown, of Carmi, Ill., committed suicide, and twenty days after his father, Elijah Brown, followed suit with a shot gun, after having dug his own grave. On Friday night Mrs. Brown took laudanum and finished up the Brown family.

—In York, Pa., Friday night, Mr. Albert Ford, aged about forty-five years, made a number of desperate attempts to take his own life. Six times he tried the rope or suspenders, and once was well hanged to the lock-up cell door, but each time was discovered and released.

—A Chester county boy baby, one year old, weighs sixty pounds. His height is 32 inches; around the chest he measures 29 inches, and a measurement taken around the head in a line with his ears and nose showed 21 inches. At the time of his birth he weighed 14½ pounds.

—A private letter of the 21st announces the death from old age of Margaret Logan, a colored woman, at Freehold, N. J. Her relatives claim she was one hundred and fourteen years old, having been born in 1764. They say it was her boast that she had often, when a girl, seen "Massa Washington."

—A prominent financier of Harrisburg, who now holds two city bonds of the denomination of $1,000 each, states that the bonds were purchased by the accumulation of interest of a $100 note which came into his possession when he first set out to Philadelphia as a journeyman printer fifty years ago.

—General Toombs says that if the people would only learn the process of curing the leaf, as good tea can be produced in Georgia as in China. Tea has been planted and grown in Georgia for the last forty years. Within a few miles of Atlanta, if somebody hasn't cut them down, are tea trees thirty feet high, planted in 1842.

—Thirty-odd years ago a child was born in a Welsh poor house. A few days ago the charity-boy, since the hero of many strange adventures and vicissitudes, dined with the Prince of Wales and received an ovation from the Royal Geographical Society. Was there ever any wilder romance than the life of Stanley?

—A man in Dansville, N. Y., while cutting into a straw stack, drew forth his knife stained with blood. A thrill of horror shot through him as he thought that he had killed some unfortunate tramp who had burrowed into the stack to sleep. An examination revealed the fact that he had cut a woodchuck in two.

—In personal appearance and in his cultured manner Pope Leo XIII somewhat resembles Cardinal McCloskey, archbishop of New York. He has a keen, penetrating eye, is very gentle and courteous in his deportment, exceedingly amiable, quiet and self-possessed, and has a very clear, quick acting and penetrating mind.

—Two years ago a drover started from California with 4,000 sheep. He has just arrived in Texas, having driven the flock all the way, assisted by two well-trained dogs. The sheep have increased in numbers, and frequent stops for pasturage have kept them in good condition. They are intended for slaughter in the Eastern markets.

—A San Francisco dispatch of the 26th says that news has been received per the Oceanic of a terrible disaster at Tuitsin, China. The refuge house in which the famine-stricken refugees from the Northern provinces had assembled took fire, and of nearly three thousand people in the building, but one hundred escaped.

—Cardinal McCloskey did not reach Rome until last Saturday—three days after the election of the new Pontiff, Leo the Thirteenth. He presented his homage to the Pope on Monday, when he took occasion to say that he had no reason to regret the lateness of his arrival in Rome, inasmuch as the conclave had made so excellent a choice.

—Three Welsh pilots, by whose forethought, skill, and arduous exertions nine men were rescued from the masthead of the steamer Pioneer, on the coast of Wales, in January last, on being asked by one of Lloyd's agents what they wanted or expected for their services, immediately replied: "We have had what we wanted—the lives of the men."

—The marriage of Miss Eldena Elden, of Biddeford, Maine, to A. J. Packard, of Youngstown, Ohio, was celebrated on Wednesday. This is the result of the romantic match made between the parties from the gentlemans reading an extract from the young lady's graduating essay, wherein she expressed a determination to make her own way in the world.

—A Minneapolis boy was sent by his teacher, a woman, to the superintendent to be whipped. The lad suspected the contents of the note, and hired a boy he met on the street to deliver it, giving him ten cents. The superintendent didn't discover until after the castigation was over that the boy he had flogged had not seen the inside of a school house for a month.

—At Mauch Chunk recently a child died under painful circumstances. In cauterizing the throat or mouth of the child a piece of caustic dropped into its throat and was swallowed. In a moment it was in great agony, which continued about thirty-six hours, when death relieved it. During the whole of this time the child screamed and cried for water, of which a large quantity was given it.

—The Portsmouth (Maine) *Times* says that at the trial of a criminal case in the Supreme Court in Saco recently, the prisoner entered a plea of "not guilty," when one of the jurymen put on his hat and started for the door. The Judge called him back and informed him that he could not leave until the case was tried. "Tried?" queried the juror. "Why, he acknowledges that he is not guilty."

—The trustees of the Dexter Savings Bank, of Dexter, Maine, offer a reward of $10,000 for the apprehension of the murderer or murderers of the late treasurer of the institution, J. W. Barron, who was found on Friday evening locked in the vault of the bank, handcuffed, gagged, a rope about his neck and in a senseless condition and died on Saturday morning. It is probable the murderers killed the official because he refused to open the safe.

—It has been said that fewer children are born of American parentage in New York than in any other city of the continent. The New York *Times* says that the reason is that begetters of children are frowned upon by landlords, boarding-house keepers, and maids-of-all-work, until one of the first laws of nature appears to be a social crime. The possession of small children seems to be esteemed an audacity or an indecency, if not a mixture of both.

—Messrs. Collins, contractors of the Maderia & Mamore Railway, Brazil, have a dispatch from St. Thomas, announcing the arrival there, after a stormy passage, of the steamer Richmond, hence for San Antonie, Brazil, with supplies and laborers for the construction of the railroad, all well. The schooner Paul S. Evoy, arrived at New York, reports seeing on January 29th, at the mouth of the Amazon, an American steamer supposed to be the Mercedita, the first vessal dispatched.

—Frederick Wahlen, the murderer of Max Hugo Hoehne, near the Centennial grounds, in the fall of 1876, hung himself in his cell at Norrestown, on Saturday afternoon. When the night watchman went on duty at six o'clock he found him hanging with his head cut. It is supposed that he stood on a chair and tied himself, pounded himself with the grate out of the register, and then pushed the chair away. His head is cut across the forehead, and the grate has blood and hair on it.

—One of the most novel election contests in Western Pennsylvania was that between Uncle Jake Ziegler, of the Butler *Herald*, and ex-Burgess Keck, of the same borough, for burgess. Neither wanted the office, and each went to work diligently, like beavers, to elect his opponent. The result was both men were beaten by a "handsome majority," in their respective wards, but Uncle Jake failed to get in his work as well as Mr. K., for he was elected by three votes. He says its the worst beat he ever got in his life.

—The Lafayette (Ind.) *Courier* records a curious case of a man rendered insane from remorse. About two years ago 'Squire Brown, of Eugene, Vermillion county, lost a pocket-book containing $295. No clue to it was found until a few days ago, when a man named Norman showed unmistakable signs of mental derangement, and said that he had found the money. He also said that he had found $60 belonging to a bible agent, who had canvassed the town a few months ago. Later discoveries have proved his statements in the main to be true, and it has also been proven that he has gone crazy from no other cause than remorse. The thought that he had never returned it to its owner, has so preyed upon his mind that he is now an inmate of an insane asylum. It was the duty of Brown, the man who lost the money—being a justice of the peace—to send him to the asylum.

—A horrible case of seduction and infanticide was discovered on Friday last at Glover's Gap, a small station on the Baltimore and Ohio road, about twenty miles from Wheeling, W. Va. The body of an infant was dragged out from under a pig-pen by some dogs, who mangled it considerably before it was discovered. It had evidently been born about two weeks and bore traces of having been smothered to death. A coroner's jury was at once called, and the following facts came out: A young man named Perry Hall, about 26 years of age, has been attentive to a Miss Carrie Tucker, a beautiful girl of eighteen. He seduced her, under promise of marriage, and she hid the still living child under the floor of the hog-pen to conceal her crime. She continued to work about the house until a few days ago, when she broke down and is now sick in bed, but under arrest for infanticide, which she confesses. Hall has not yet been arrested.

THE wonderful convenience of sending and receiving packages by mail and express, is just beginning to be appreciated.

Packages weighing four pounds or less can be sent to the most distant States and Territories for the trivial cost of one cent per ounce, and express charges are correspondingly low.

Perceiving the very great use to which these low rates of carriage could be put by the people, Messrs. Strawbridge & Clothier, of Philadelphia, some time ago, established a Mail Order Department, thereby giving to consumers all over the land the advantage of procuring dry goods at the same low prices that have always characterized their immense retail establishment in Philadelphia.

This enterprising firm desires us to inform our readers that all orders for goods and requests for samples intrusted to their care will receive careful and immediate attention.

A CHEEKY TRAMP.—The following singular, not to say doubtful, story comes from Richmond, Va.:

The latest tramp sensation here is the richest and the best. On Church Hill, which is the lofty and picturesque locality of this city, runs a wide fashionable avenue, and on this avenue stands, among other stylish residences, a towering brown stone front, occupied by Mr. B. M. T. Smith and family. Last night at a late hour, Mrs. Smith, as is her custom, went into the bed chamber occupied by her two daughters, Misses Mary and Bertha, to see if the precious things were covered up and tucked in. The Madame carried a taper in her hand, as she saw through the half open door that the gas in the young ladies' room had been put out. When the faint glimmer of the light fell upon the bed, what did she see? Oh, horrors! There, fast asleep, under the cover, in between the two precious sleeping girls, lay a strange, bearded man. The contrast, how great it was! Mary and Bertha have recently bloomed into lovely womanhood. Mary is eighteen and Bertha is seventeen.—Their faces are finely chiseled, their complexions are fair, and their skins are as white as marble. The strange bearded man seemed to be between thirty and thirty-five years of age, and much bloated.

When Mrs. Smith beheld the scene she tripped rapidly back to her own chamber and waked her husband. In hurried whispers she told him of the awful situation. Mr. Smith ran in and beheld the stranger and his two girls sound asleep, "three in a row." He rushed out to the street for a policeman. Officer Tallman happened to be passing, and the two hastened up to the ladies chamber. All this time the three slept quietly. Officer Tallman jerked the stranger out of bed. The daughters aroused; first one shrieked and then the other, then the mother shrieked, and finally they all screamed out together. No one could explain. The daughters fainted. The stranger was somewhat in his cups, and greatly embarrassed. The policeman made him put on his clothes, and marched him to the first police station, where he was locked up.

This morning the prisoner appeared before Justice White, on a charge of vagrancy and unlawfully trespassing. He explained to His Honor that his name was Kelly; that he lived, when at home, near Hanging Rock, Ohio, which is a few miles below Ironton, on the Ohio river, but that he was now a regular tramp; that last night, while a little tight, he was passing the fine house described, and, thinking it was, maybe, a boarding-house, he tried to get in; that he was successful, the door being unfastened; that he crept upstairs and found his way into the chamber of the young ladies; that the light being turned low he took the fair sleepers to be men, and, wishing a warm place to sleep, put out the light and crowded in between the individuals whose gender he had sadly mistaken. Justice White said as no harm seemed to have been done he would only give him six months in jail for making the mistake. Kelly, as he called himself, was tolerably well dressed, and looked like he had seen better days.

A FAMILY BECOMES INSANE.—The Dubuque *Telegraph* tells the following remarkable story:

One of the strangest occurrences on record took place, a few days ago, some miles west of Jamestown, in Grant county, Wis. A German farmer named Mat. Johnson, together with his wife and brother, John Johnston, all became insane at the same time. John Johnston, who is also a married man, resided at some little distance from his brother Mat. The latter first showed dangerous symptoms at night, when both he and his wife arose, dressed themselves in their best clothing, and went into the field to pray. They continued this for a day or two, neglecting their stock and their five little children. Finally their condition was discovered by neighbors, who tried to quiet them, but Mat. armed himself with an axe and threatened to kill any one who came near. His mother and younger brothers tried in vain to coax him to be quiet or to permit them to care for his children and famishing animals. His wife, though less violent, was also a raving maniac and paid not the slightest attention to her children, who were crying with cold and hunger. A large number of the neighbors disarmed Johnston, took the children to friends who would care for them, and attended to the horses that had been stabled for days without food or water. Johnston, when at liberty, insisted on keeping all the windows in the house open, and on having a lamp burning at the same time.

Mrs. Johnson has been taken to the home of her father, Mr. Hugo, who resides near Dickeyville, Wisconsin. Her husband is so violent that it is necessary to keep him tied all the time. Both Mat. and John Johnson have been pronounced insane, and will be sent to the asylum at Madison.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

Awarded *highest prize* at Centennial Exposition for *fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring.* The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that *Jackson's Best* is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to C. A. JACKSON & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

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NOW is the TIME TO SECURE IT!

Only FIVE Dollars FOR AN ACRE

Of the best Land in America. 2,000,000 Acres in Eastern Nebraska, on the line of the Union Pacific Railroad, now for sale. **10 years' credit given; Interest only 6 per cent.** These are the only lands FOR SALE on the line of this GREAT RAILROAD, the WORLD'S HIGHWAY. Send for THE NEW "PIONEER," the best paper for those seeking new homes ever published. Full information, with maps, sent Free. **O. F. DAVIS, Land Ag't, U. P. R. R., Omaha, Neb.**

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40 Extra Fine Mixed Cards, with name, 10 cts. post-paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

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GRACE'S SALVE.

JONESVILLE, Mich., Dec. 27, 1877.

MESSRS. FOWLES: I send you 50 cents for two boxes of Grace's Salve. I have had two and have used them on an ulcer on my foot, and it is almost well. Respectfully Yours, C. J. VAN NESS.

Price 25 cents a box at all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of 35 cts. Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, 86 Harrison Ave., Boston, Mass.

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IS prepared to do all work in his line, such as binding Ledgers, Dockets, Day-Books, Deed Books, other Blank Books, Magazines, Music Books, Pamphlets, Constitutions, By-Laws, &c., &c., at the shortest notice, in the best manner, and on the MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

Old Books Rebound to Look Like New,

And satisfaction fully guaranteed in old as well as new work. Having been in the Bookbinding business for over thirty years, during fourteen of which I have resided in Altoona, I flatter myself that I can do more different kinds and better binding than any man outside of New York or Philadelphia. ☞ Parties at a distance desiring work done can send or bring it to me with every assurance that it will be attended to promptly, satisfactorily and at the lowest possible rates, no matter whether common or fancy bindings are desired. ☞ A large assortment of Binder's Stock kept constantly on hand, from which the kind of binding wished for can be selected. Orders solicited.

Altoona, Feb. 22, 1878.-tf.

HOTEL PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises, at **10** o'clock, A. M., on **Wednesday, March 13th,** 1878, the well known TAVERN STAND at Summitville, Pa., recently occupied by Mr. Luke Burgoon.—The house is a new one, well finished throughout, and the cellar is properly drained, while the lot attached is large and in a good state of cultivation. Possession will be given to the purchaser on the first of April next.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-fourth in hand and the balance in three equal annual payments, with interest, secured by bond or mortgage of the purchaser. HENRY FRITZ.

Johnstown, Feb. 21, 1878.-3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Christop'r Eckenrode, dec'd.

Letters of administration on the estate of Christopher Eckenrode, late of Allegheny township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement, to the undersigned.

JOSEPH ECKENRODE, Administrator.

Allegheny Twp., Feb. 15, 1878.-6t.

CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

Ebensburg, Pa.,

...AY. - - MARCH 1, 1878.

...AL AND PERSONAL.

...There, and the Other Place.

...ellent weather for maple sugar

...ket quotations same as last week, ...that eggs are down to 12½ cents per

... Elizabeth Haggerty, of Altoona, ...ry suddenly of heart disease on Sun... ...rning last.

...ny consumptives are now using Dr. ...'s Root Bitters and Cough Syrup ...markable success. [12-21.-1y.]

...shington's birthday might as well ...een somebody else's birthday so far ...sburg was concerned.

...asant as honey, the old folks like it, ...ung people like it, and the babies cry ... We mean Dr. Frazier's Cough Syr... [12-21.-1y.]

...e Greenback-Labor party lost 109 ...n Altoona and Logan township—65 in ...rmer and 44 in the latter—since last

...r. J. G. Davis, of Altoona, shot at and ...ed seventeen out of twenty glass balls ... from a trap on last Tuesday after-

...good investment. Buy a twenty-five ...ackage of Foutz's Horse and Cattle ...rs to prevent disease in your horses ...ttle.

...ve car loads of first class emigrants ...te from the eastern part of this State ...ssas, passed over the Pa. R. R. on ...ay last.

...nce the discovery of Dr. William's In... ...Ointment there is certainly no excuse ...y one to suffer with the Piles. See ... notice. [12-21.-1y.]

...arch, from present indications, will ...in like a lamb, but we are not so sure ...t hasn't a lamb-basting in store for us ...its exit.

...aughn man (Edward A.) in Altoona ...s his reputation has been ruined by ...*Morning Tribune*, and hence the libel ...noticed elsewhere.

...he nine hundred and ninety-ninth ...t self-acting car-coupler has just been ...ted by a Bellwood (Blair county) gen... ...n named Ramsey.

...debating society in Taylor township ...ses to settle the question this evening ...her or not brimstone enters into the ...osition of hell fire.

...he Johnstown *Democrat* says that the ...crats of that place elected one Coun... ...n, the Cambria Iron Company two, ...the Workingmen three.

...Mr. John Geis and wife, of Johnstown, ...bout to locate permanently at Salina, ...as. They have our best wishes for ...ood health and prosperity.

...he letter of our Portage correspondent ...handed to us only a short time before ...aper was put to press, which will ac... ...t for its non-appearance this week.

...A man named McPike would very well ...to handle the funds of the county, and ...n give him a lift you may accept as a ...his sincere thanks for your bounty.

...John H. Evans, Esq., formerly of this ..., now of Oil City, whose tin wedding an... ...rsary we noticed a few weeks ago, has ...a voluntary petition in bankruptcy.

...Mrs. Levi Holland, of Johnstown, who ...hs over two hundred pounds, fell down ...s on Monday last and injured herself ...adly that she died on Wednesday morn-

...An ovarian tumor weighing thirty-five ...ds was recently removed from the per... ...of Mrs. Rudolph Farabaugh, of Altoona, ...the unfortunate lady did not long sur... ...the operation.

...Winnie or Minnie Moore, formerly of ...place, has got herself into jail again in ...sburgh for stealing about $200 from a ...ily in that city by whom she was em... ...yed as a domestic.

...The "immortal J. N.," who is once ...e on his travels, was to have "lifted the ..." in Altoona last night, after which he ...poses to "remove the pressure" in Holli... ...sburg and Ebensburg.

...Col. Theo. Burchfield, foreman of the ...oona *Tribune* job office, has our sympa... ...s in the death, on Monday night last, of ...infant son—a victim of that terrible dis... ... with a terrible name, cerebro-spinal ...ingitis.

...Some despicable scamp hurled a stone ...e of the large show windows in P. M. ...lesiagle & Son's store, at Wilmore, on ...urday night last, and the missile striking ...inst the sash shattered three of the costly ...es to atoms.

...Messrs. Klein, of Lewistown, started ...ward from this place yesterday with ...ther lot of good horses, fourteen in num... ..., which, we believe, makes twenty-eight ...all bought by them in this vicinity dur... ...the past month or so.

...Crows were on the wing yesterday ...ning in large numbers and moving north... ...stward from all other directions. The ...se of the hegira it would be difficult to tell, ...t the crows of the crows themselves were ...parent to all who heard them.

...This from the Hollidaysburg *Register*: ...Wrong again, McPike—we said it was ...mmer, not Hammers." Well, we tried ...hammer that fact into the head of the in... ...lligent compositor last week, but it was ...go.

...Having an opportunity to secure a dwell... ...g and office together, Dr. Hoffman wishes ...dispose of his fine property in the West ...Ward, which he will sell at a low price and ...the most accommodating terms. Posses... ...n given on the 1st of April.

...A freight brakeman named John Marks ...cidentally fell from his train while pass... ...g through the Gallitzin tunnel on Tuesday ...t, but, strange to relate, escaped with no ...erse injuries than an ugly cut above one of ...s eyes and a few painful contusions on the ...ody.

...Sheriff Ryan has recently sold his store ...om, dwelling house and saloon property ...Cambria borough for $2,000, which is ...robably not one-fourth the price which ...ould have been obtained for it a few years ...go. Mr. Thomas Halloran was the pur... ...haser.

...Thomas Swiler, of Mill Creek, Hunting... ...on county, filled out a check for $10, to ...hich he signed the name of one of his neigh... ...ors and passed it on another, and although ...compelled to redeem the forged check, he is ...ow in jail awaiting trial for his little ec... ...centricity.

...Mr. John Davis, a much esteemed far... ...er residing near Confluence, Somerset ...ounty, was kicked and almost instantly ...illed by one of his horses on Saturday ...morning last. He was in the stable attend... ...g to the animals at the time the sad mis... ...ap befel him.

...A young man at Ennisville, Hunting... ...on county, is said to have had his back ...roken, on Friday last by being thrown ...cross a bench while wrestling with a young ...ssociate in a school house at that place. ...His injuries are of a serious nature, and the ...robabilities are that he cannot recover.

...The Philadelphia *Record* says that it has ...een definitely settled that Gen. W. Ross ...Hartshorn, of Clearfield county, will be ap... ...pointed by the Board, consisting of Gov. ...Hartranft, Auditor General Schell and ...Treasurer Noyes, as superintendent of pub... ...lic buildings and grounds at Harrisburg.

...Mr. Hugh McMonagle, of Prospect bor... ...ough, announces himself in the Johnstown ...*Democrat* as an aspirant for the Democratic ...nomination for the office of Register and ...Recorder. Mr. McM. writes a fair hand ...and is no doubt otherwise competent to per... ...form the duties pertaining to said position.

...Our typographical friend, Jas. A. Kit... ...ell, who for several months past has been ...conducting the Grand Central Hotel at Em... ...lenton, Venango county, has just stepped ...down and out of that establishment in order ...to accept the local editorship of the *Register*, ...a weekly newspaper published in that place.

...Two young men named Thomas Marks ...and David Smith, the former a resident of ...Hollidaysburg and the latter of Houtzdale, ...have been arrested and committed to the ...Blair county jail for stealing a watch, over... ...coat and other valuables from a wood-chop... ...per's cabin in Juniata township, that coun... ...ty.

—Hollidaysburg was the scene of a disgraceful row on Saturday night last, the participants therein being a number of youths on the verge of manhood. No one was seriously injured, but at the coming court it is quite likely that some, if not all of them, will be called upon to pay the penalty prescribed by law for such offenses.

—We invite attention to the advertisement of Mr. Chas. J. Stahl, bookbinder, of Altoona, whom we have known for a dozen years and cheartily recommend as a competent, honest and strictly reliable workman, who gives entire satisfaction in the quality as well as the prices charged for any and all kinds of binding. Give him a trial.

—An Altoona lad named Marshall, ten years of age, was arrested in Logantown, near that city, and committed to the lock-up on Tuesday night last, pending his delivery to his parents on the following day. Young Marshall, notwithstading his tender age, seems to be rather incorrigible, as he has absented himself from his house for the past two or three months. Hence his arrest.

—A five-year-old daughter of Mr. H. Al. M'Graw, of Hollidaysburg, was less fortunate in falling from a chair, a distance of only about two feet, than was a three-year-old son of Mr. John R. M'Farland, of the same place, in falling from a porch to the pavement, a distance of fully twelve feet, as the former broke her left arm at the elbow, while the latter escaped with a few slight contusions on the face.

—Joseph Mardis, of Indiana county, who was found guilty in the U. S. District Court at Pittsburgh and sentenced on the 6th of November, 1873, to seven years' imprisonment for passing counterfeit money, and Rufus K. Mitchell and John F. Reed, convicted of similar offenses and sentenced in October last to one and three years' imprisonment, respectively, have all been pardoned by the *de facto* President.

—While George Sheasley, of Petersburg, Huntingdon county, was riding home at a pretty rapid pace from prayer-meeting, on Thursday night of last week, his horse came in contact with a broken down buggy on the roadside, and the result was that the rider was thrown to the ground, his head striking against a large stone, which crushed in his skull and caused his death about 3 o'clock on the following afternoon.

—Of all sad words that e'er were writ, the saddest are, "This suit don't fit;" but words like those were never said, nor never will be uttered by those who buy the clothes they need, from James J. Murphy, against whose goods, indeed, can not a single word be muttered. Store at 109 Clinton street, Johnstown, where money can be saved and perfect satisfaction secured by all who study their own interests in the buying of ready-made clothing.

—In Dec., 1873, Miss Sarah J. Rhodes, of Clappertown, Blair county, administered to the wants and accompanied to her destination a sick lady whom by chance she met on a railroad train, and now she has been rewarded for her kindness by being remembered $90,000 worth in the will of the lady in question, who died in Philadelphia on the 5th of January last. Sick ladies in railroad trains will no doubt be in great demand hereafter.

—We have received from Hon. James J. Thomas, a copy of the bill introduced by him, and reported by the committee, which provides for the collection of judgments entered on the Prothonotary's docket for all sums less than $50,00. The certified copy of the record furnished by the Prothonotary is to be delivered to the Justice nearest the defendant, and the debt collected as in original judgment rendered by him. If the bill becomes a law we will publish it in full.

—Our thanks are tendered to a young lady and gentleman friend in northern Cambria for an invitation to attend their wedding, which was to and no doubt did take place in Carrolltown on Tuesday last, and to participate in the feastings and festivities which were to follow, but as we could not spare the time for the purpose and have not been furnished with full particulars as to the ceremony, we are forced to withhold the notice and reserve our special congratulations until next week.

—At the shooting-match in Altoona on Friday last between several Blair and Cambria county marksmen, Mr. Lon. Rodgers, son of Mr. Lewis Rodgers, of this place, succeeded in capturing the second prize, a purse of $14, the first and third prizes ($30 and $10 respectively) being won by Messrs. Marion M'Cartney and George M'Intosh, both of Blair county. Following were the respective strings: Mr. M'Cartney's 3 3-32 inches; Mr. Rodgers' 3 5-16 inches; Mr. M'Intosh's, 3¼ inches.

—Ebensburg has just lost one of her worthiest citizens in the person of Mr. Peter Schwab, who has secured a situation in a woolen factory at Coatesville, Chester county, and will in course of a few days take up his residence in that place. No better mechanic or more genial gentleman than our young friend Peter can be trotted out anywhere, and we are sure that all who knew him will join with us in wishing him the best of good luck in his new field of labor, a Coatesvillean though he is to be.

—If sufficient encouragement is extended to the enterprise, Mr. Lem. Davis, of the livery firm of L. & S. W. Davis, of this place, will start a milk wagon on Monday morning next, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of supplying the lacteal fluid to those of our citizens who don't keep cows of their own. Orders should be left at the livery stable before the time indicated, as the inauguration of this new departure in our midst depends upon the number of families who are willing to buy their milk from the wagon.

—An Altoona wedding had to be postponed, if not totally dispensed with, on Tuesday last, in consequence of the failure of the bridegroom that was to have been to put in an appearance at the appointed time. The young lady whose affections were thus trifled with did not seem to be very much disconcerted by the turn of events, although it is fair to presume that she felt more like crying than laughing when the truth dawned upon her, albeit she is credited with having indulged in a loud smile upon finding herself so shabbily treated.

—Boots and shoes and gaiters and sich, neat in style and firm in stitch, of all sizes and prices, pegged and sewed, the finest stock and the biggest load that ever was brought to this part of the State, may now be seen in profusion great by those who think it worth while to call at the cheapest cheap store of S. Blumenthal, where large and small can be shod in a trice with boots or shoes at the lowest price. Store at 1119 Eleventh avenue, Altoona, Pa. Don't fail to buy there and you will always gratefully remember it for the excellent bargains which you will be sure to obtain.

—We don't know who originated the rumor that we had withdrawn from the contest for County Treasurer, but we are assured that such a rumor was prevalent at Gallitzin, and probably elsewhere, only a few days ago. It is proper to say that there is no truth whatever in the alleged withdrawal, our intention being to fight it out on that line "until the last armed foe expires," unless it should happen, which is not at all improbable, that we should have to do a little expiring on our own hook before the other twelve or fifteen candidates have all received their final quietus.

—He pressed her to his manly breast—she seconded the motion; his lips on her's he fondly pressed—there was a slight commotion; the end whereof will doubtless be a wedding gay and "nobby," with a bridal suit quite grand to see on the new made "hubby," who fain must go to get the best, the cheapest, finest kind of raiment, to Godfrey Wolff, who leads the rest in selling goods for cash in payment. An immense stock of ready-made clothing of all styles, sizes and textures constantly on hand at Godfrey Wolff's great clothing bazaar, on Twelfth street, next door to the post-office, Altoona, Pa.

—A correspondent writes to say that the entertainment given in Linton's Hall, at Summitville, on Thursday evening of last week, for the benefit of the Catholic church in that place, was a success in every respect. Notwithstanding the darkness of the night and the constant downpouring of rain, the Hall was crowded to its utmost capacity. Thanks are hereby tendered to members of neighboring congregations who patronized the entertainment so liberally, and especially to the Gallitzin band, who favored those present with the sweetest of music. We understand the handsome sum of a hundred and seven dollars was realized.

—March, we are assured by the almanac, is the first month of Spring, and not only the weather, but various other circumstances, tend to confirm that assurance and lead us to remark that Myers & Lloyd have still on their shelves a large and varied assortment of excellent goods which will soon be a little out of season, though far from being undesirable on that account, and as they wish to make room for a new Spring stock, all who have the money to invest and the desire to invest it may depend upon getting the best of goods and the best of bargains by calling on them during the present month of March.

—Andrew Crouse, John McClarren and Wm. Quinton, found guilty at September term of court for participation in the railroad riots of last July and sentenced to an imprisonment of six months each in the county jail, and Charles Fiscus and —— Horner, convicted of larceny at December sessions and retired for a period of three months each, will all be discharged from Castle Ryan on Monday next, at which time their respective terms will expire; and on the following Monday Austin Launtz, now serving a three months' imprisonment on account of the part he took in the railroad troubles, will breathe the air of freedom once again.

—In remitting the money to pay for the current volume of the FREEMAN, Mr. J. B. Sweeney, formerly of Loretto, now of East Brady, Pa., encloses an elaborately illustrated business card of Messrs. Logan & Sweeney, manufacturers and dealers in Italian and American marble monuments, headstones, tablets, etc.—the senior partner in said firm being a nephew of Mr. John W. Logan, of Johnstown, and the junior partner the gentleman already alluded to. Both members of the firm are first class mechanics and deserving business men, and between the living and dead we trust they will succeed in accumulating quite a handsome competency in their present location.

—In the case of William M. Lloyd, bankrupt, says the Altoona *Mirror*, of Wednesday evening, a partial argument was had on the petition for a bill to review the proceedings in the United States District Court, by which it was decided that there were sufficient in number and amount of the creditors petitioning for adjudication in bankruptcy.—The petition in the Circuit Court asks that the finding in the District Court be reviewed and reversed. Hon. S. S. Blair, of Hollidaysburg, appeared in support of the petition for review, and George M. Reade and George Shiras, jr., esqs., against the same. After a partial argument, the further bearing was continued until the 15th of March.

—We have received from the publishers, Messrs. J. N. Butler & Co., of Philadelphia, their new wall map of Pennsylvania. It is 4 by 6 feet in size, the counties beautifully colored, contains all the post-offices in each county, correctly locates the railroads, rivers and mountains, and is in every respect the most perfect map of Pennsylvania that we have ever seen. A correct knowledge of the topography of one's own State is highly important, and for that reason a copy of this map ought to be placed in every school, office, counting-room, business house and well regulated home, in the country. It is furnished at the low price of $6, and we earnestly recommend it to public favor.

—The Johnstown *Tribune* of Tuesday last devotes nearly half a column to telling about a ten-year-old Irish girl who in 1856 was sent all the way from her native land to Ebensburg by Express and delivered in good order and condition to Rev. David Harbison, the consignee, then pastor in charge of the Presbyterian congregation in this place, who was in some way related to the youthful heorine of so long and eventful a journey under such peculiar circumstances. As there was no Branch road at that early day, the little girl was brought here by hack from Wilmore and the following entry made in the Express book, "Delivered girl, trunk and cash ($2), less 75 cents Express charges from Wilmore to Ebensburg."

—We were not only afforded an opportunity on Sunday last to see and admire the tasteful manner in which St. John's church, Johnstown, has been draped in commemoration of the death of Pope Pius IX., and to listen as we did with pleasure to the fine music rendered by the excellent choir, of which Miss Julia Cox, the accomplished daughter of John Cox, Esq., former County Treasurer, is the leader and organist, but we were also greatly edified by a strong, forcible and exceedingly eloquent sermon on the subject of "Man and his relations to God," delivered by the pastor of said church, Rev. Father Gallagher, who as a zealous priest and instructive pulpit orator has few equals and no superiors in the diocese, or out of it either for that matter.

—The letter A plays a prominent part in the names of the known and presumed aspirants to the office of County Treasurer. In the first place there are no less than three Andrews on the list (Strittmatter, Yeagley and Sirlouis); then comes an Augustine (Criste), followed by John A. Kennedy, James A. Shoemaker, and H. A. McPike. That's all the A's, we believe, so far as initials are concerned, the other candidates spoken of, not all of whom are positively known to be in the field, consisting of two Patricks (Moran and Rodgers) one Joseph (Wertner), and one Cairn (Leahy). The latter, as well as all others minus the A, are not *Cairn* a great deal about the initial so as he gets the office, and we guess that's about the way the rest of us feel on the subject.

—A woman, or some one dressed in women's clothes of the darkest hue and wearing gum boots on her feet and a black mask over her face, has been seen on at least two occasions perambulating the streets of Altooona after night, and although followed in both instances by one or more male bipeds, and even forced to "git up and git" on a double quick in order to keep out of the way, she has thus for managed by the aid of strategy to escape detection. Her latest appearance was on Saturday morning last between 3 and 4 o'clock, when she was pursued by the night watchman at the Opera House, but succeeded, as on the former occasion, in getting away without revealing her identity. The presumption is that she is a heart-crushed wife seeking for her truant husband, but we are afraid the conclusion reached is too thin to wash.

—Those who are in the habit of reading the Altoona *Morning Tribune* will remember a rather questionable story published in its columns a few days ago about a certain citizen of that place who, if the allegations be true, seems to have been entirely oblivious to the fact that his sister in-law was not as much his meat (helpmeet) as his own lawful wife. No names were mentioned in connection with the lecherous doings of the guilty pair, but that does not seem to have deterred a certain party over there from confessing his guilt by bringing suit against Messrs. Dern & Pitcairn, proprietors, and Mr. A. J. Greer, editor of the *Tribune*, for libel, though how a case can be made of it in the absence of names we are certainly at loss to conceive. Be that as it may, however, the several gentlemen named were waited on by an officer of the law last Monday afternoon and summoned before Recorder Greevy to answer for having wickedly and maliciously slandered somebody whose name has never been specifically or even remotely published in that paper in connection with any scandal, libel, or other misdemeanor whatever. Each of the defendants furnished bail in the sum of $1,000 for their appearance at the next Court of Quarter Sessions, which, as that paper alleges, is $500 more than the law allows the Recorder to exact. Music in the air is what the *Tribune* promises before the little job is ended.

A CREDITABLE RECORD.—A friend furnishes the Altoona *Mirror* with the following:

On the night of December 21, 1852, S. J. Hill, of Nineveh station, started out with a tin lantern supplied with a tallow candle, as a night watchman on the P. R. R., and now February 20, 1878, he has watched 25 years and 2 months. In that time he has walked 91,900 miles in the discharge of his duty, making a distance of almost four times around the globe, and has not been five miles from home walking it. In order to walk that great distance he had to take 161,744,000 steps. He has done without sleep 9,100 nights. The pay-day this month makes his 301st pay-day in succession. He has burned 302 gallons of oil in his lamp; has had one oil can 18 years, and has carried one lamp 7 years. He has a schedule, No. 4, July 5, 1858, in his possession. He has carried his watch 24 years, 10 months, and 10 nights; has never had headache, and never took a chew of tobacco or smoked a pipe or cigar. It was 40 years last October since he took a dram of any kind of liquor. No man, woman, or child ever heard him swear an oath, and he has always enjoyed good health.

DEATH IN HIS FAVORITE ROBE.—The mortuary statistics of the whole civilized world show that about one-fifth of all mankind die of consumption alone, and the number of deaths due to consumption bears a greater ratio to the whole number than that of any other three diseases together. Moreover, investigation proves that this ratio is steadily increasing. Its increasing prevalence has led to the popular belief that consumption is incurable. Every year hundreds of these sufferers seek, in the sunny retreats of Florida or the dry atmosphere of Colorado, for health—and find only a grave. The influence of the atmosphere—the only remedial agent that either Florida or Colorado can afford the consumptive—is at best only *palliative*. The cure of consumption depends upon two essential conditions: 1st, the arrest of the abnormal breaking down of the tissues, which prevents emaciation, and 2d, the restoration of healthy nutrition, in order to stop the formation of tuberculous matter. Fulfill these conditions, and consumption is as curable as fever. To fulfill these conditions the required remedy must increase the appetite, favor the assimilation of food, and enrich the blood, thus retarding the development of tubercles. To accomplish this, a more powerful alterative than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has never been discovered. At the same time, it soothes the irritation of the nervous system produced by violent coughing, which in its turn so often leads to more serious results? The use of "expectorants" in consumption is absolutely suicidal. For while removing the tubercles already formed, they produce yet more serious results by inflaming and destroying the sound and healthy tissues. Consumption requires a remedy that will soothe while it relieves; harsh medicines, but add fuel to the flame that already threatens to consume the system. The Golden Medical Discovery fulfills these conditions, and has been pronounced the best remedy yet discovered to allay and arrest consumption.

A DASTARDLY ATTEMPT TO WRECK A TRAIN.—Just after the "snapper" engine had been un-coupled from the Cincinnati Express west in the Pa. R. R. tunnel at Gallitzin, on Saturday morning last about 5 o'clock, for the purpose, as is the custom, of running it out of the way of the train and on to one of the side tracks, a red light was swung near the western end of the tunnel as a signal of danger by some person unknown, who doubtless intended thereby to bring on a collision between the train and the uncoupled engine, with the probable hope that a terrible wreck and a chance for wholesale plunder would be the result. Fully aware, however, of the danger behind him, and presuming that no worse fate could possibly await him in front, the engineer of the "snapper," choosing what he conceived to be the least of two evils, disregarded the signal given and drove ahead at a more rapid speed than ever, finally coming out on the side track without meeting with the slightest mishap or accident of any kind. Finding that no attention had been paid to his signal by the engineer of the "snapper," the bearer of the red light swung it on the passenger train following and succeeded in bringing it to a halt, after which he put out his light and disappeared as mysteriously as he had come, without any one discovering who he was or what purpose he had in view, though if he had succeeded in the fiendish work of wrecking the train, which is the only theory by which his conduct can be explained, it is fair to presume that with the aid of confederates in waiting plunder and spoliation would quickly have followed in the wake of diabolism and what would in all probability have been wholesale murder of the most fiendish and remorseless character.

BUBONOCELE, OR RUPTURE.—Over forty years experience in the application of trusses and the treatment of RUPTURE has enabled me to do the best that can be done in any such cases. I make and apply trusses which will always hold in a rupture or breach of any kind, and located in any part of the body. In a large number of cases I can effect a thorough and radical cure. Who is there that will linger through life with this dangerous deformity when such assurances of safety are offered? No one. In cases of children, a cure can always be affected, as well as in the cases of females, although this disease is as one to five in that of the other sex. I likewise treat, successfully, every disease of deformity and weakness needing outward supports, as well as chronic diseases of a difficult and stubborn character. Those who have tried other sources and failed would serve their interest in calling on or addressing me.

DR. KEYSER, 240 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., opposite Christ's Church. Cut this out for reference. [2-8.-1m.]

ENJOY LIFE.—What a truly beautiful world we live in! Nature gives us a grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means for enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worried out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof that Green's August Flower will make them as free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint is the direct cause of seventy-five per cent. of such maladies as Biliousness, Indigestion Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of August Flower will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottles, 10 cents. Try it. For sale by Lemmon & Murray, Ebensburg.

READ THIS AND PROFIT BY IT.—S. Teitelbaum & Brother, of Carrolltown, have just received another new invoice of goods which they are now offering for sale at much below former quotations, as will be seen by the following list of prices: Brown Sugar, worth 10c. per lb., reduced to 8c.; White Sugar, worth 11c., reduced to 9c.; Green Rio Coffee, worth 25c., reduced to 20c.; 9 boxes Coffee Essence, worth 35c., reduced to 25c.; 10 yds. best Calico, with spool and buttons, worth 75c., reduced to 60c.; best Ginghams, worth 10c. per yard, reduced to 8c. In addition to all which, men's clothing, boots, hats, etc., will be sold until April 15th at 5 per cent, less than cost by

S. TEITELBAUM & BRO.,
Formerly People's Cheap Cash Store,
Carrolltown, Pa.

HANDSOMELY REFITTED.—The great Steam Dental Establishment, 278 Penn avenue, has been refitted throughout, and now presents an elegant appearance. Dr. Quincy A. Scott's business, already the largest in the State, is steadily increasing. In connection with his large fine reception rooms, there are six different offices, which are constantly filled with people seeking relief from pain, getting artificial teeth, or having their natural ones filled and preserved. The secret of the Doctor's success is simply that he is the most skillful dentist in the State, always gives satisfaction to his patients, and charges less for first-class operations than any one else.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE says: "Mount Union is among the best, cheapest and most progressive of American Colleges, rendering a thorough education in any Department accessible to all." Great improvements lately made, new buildings under way. The College year of Spring, Summer and Fall terms, beginning last Tuesday in February, May and August each year, enables students of either sex to earn expenses by teaching Winters without losing time. Different students last year, 852; in 31 years, 13,648; property worth $537,869, benefitting students. For new catalogue address Pres. Hartshorn, LL. D., Alliance, Ohio.

E. K. THOMPSON'S GREAT HEALING OINTMENT, for sores, frosted feet, fever sores, burns, old ulcers, boils, etc., etc. A sure and speedy cure.

Directions.—Spread on a thin cloth, and change once or twice a day, washing each time with genuine Castile Soap. Prepared by E. K. Thompson, Titusville, Pa., and sold by Lemmon & Murray, Ebensburg. Price, 25 cents.

SHOPPING BY MAIL.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER desire to make known to consumers who find it inconvenient to visit the city every time DRY GOODS are needed, that our Mail Order Department is so perfected that shopping may be done while sitting comfortably at home as satisfactorily as at our counters.

All that is necessary is to address to us a letter mentioning the kind of goods desired, and SAMPLES to select from will be immediately forwarded. Orders are filled at the identical prices for which the goods are that day sold over the counters. The expense, trouble and fatigue of going to the city are avoided and the goods are selected from as choice an assortment as would be inspected were our establishment visited in person.

For years we have made this peculiar branch of the Dry Goods business a favorite study, and the success of our MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT is attested by the fact that an order is rarely filled without making a permanent customer of the person ordering. Every order, be it for a yard of muslin or a wedding trousseau, meets with the most careful and prompt attention.

SAMPLES of all kinds of DRY GOODS, SILKS, DRESS GOODS, PRINTS, LINENS, FLANNELS, CLOTHS, etc., with *widths* and *prices* correctly marked, promptly forwarded on application.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,
N. W. COR. EIGHTH AND MARKET STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA.

Local Correspondence.

ELDER TWP., Feb. 25, 1878.

DEAR FREEMAN—I thought a few lines from this quarter would not come amiss in your valuable paper, and I hope that you will let them have space. We had our first election in the new township on the 19th inst., and it was a very quiet one, notwithstanding the excitement about the name of the township before the election, there was a petition out to have the township called Union, with 79 signers, and also one to have it called Elder, with about 30 signers. The Union petition was kept out of the hands of the attorney, James C. Easly, Esq., and it could not be found until after Argument Court and as one of our worth old citizens remarked in his own peculiar way, "By this we have been beat."

Now, it becomes my painful duty to let you and the readers of your paper know of a very serious accident which befell our friend and return judge of our election, H. C. Devine, while on his way home from your town on Thursday, the 21st inst. He was walking while a friend of his was riding the horse that he had rode, and when they came to Jacob Kirkpatrick's place, it being dark at the time, Mr. D. accidentally stepped into a rut, or hole in the road, and fell and as he thinks broke one of the bones in his right leg above the ankle. He was carried into the house of Mr. Jacob Kirkpatrick, where he is now being well taken care of and where it is to be hoped he will soon recover from his injuries.

Elder township elected very good men for township officers, and though it was feared that we would have some trouble on the day of election it passed off without any one being hurt. I cannot forget the remark made the other day by our worthy physician, Dr. Pillsbury, who says that the name of Elder and the elder weed are both remarkable. He claims to have discovered a new cure for fractured limbs in the application of elderberry poultices to the broken parts, which he says will effect a perfect cure in about two weeks. He is going to apply for a patent right on his elderberry poultice, which also, in his opinion, possesses a great magic power, and I can't see why it shouldn't, as the very name of Elder alone had magic power enough to draw out a petition of 79 signers, which was marked at St. Boniface and addressed to James C. Easly at Carrolltown on Friday preceding the last Argument Court and held it out from that office until the township was confirmed with the name Elder, and then it was drawn back again into the post-office at Carrolltown. "All by tiss we binn beet." But I think if there is any virtue in having a powerful name for the township, then we have it in Elder, and if only those men who wanted the name of Elder applied to our township will hereafter be honest, and never again imitate the Louisiana Returning Board, then I will think the battle is all over and no Union man hurt; though if there should be one injured I advise him to apply Dr. Pillsbury's Elderberry poultice, the great cure all. "By tiss we peen all right." More anon.

A WOULD-BE UNION MAN.

MOLLIE MAGUIRES IN WESTMORELAND COUNTY.—The Pittsburgh *Dispatch* of Tuesday and a telegram from that city of the same date furnishes the following:

The cases of incendiarism, numerous mysterious accidents, burglaries, etc., at Irwin, in the past three years, are familiar to the public. It is now stated that ex-Sheriff Guffey, of Westmoreland county, has succeeded in tracing them to a gang of Molly Maguires. He recently obtained a clue which induced him to seek an interview with one Parfitt, a miner. Parfitt, it seems, told the whole story. He said the Mollies has had an organization there for three years, their society numbering fifteen persons. They met regularly in a hotel at Shafton. From here they issued numerous "coffin" notices, and devised their execrable work. They led the easily-managed miners into all sorts of troubles. One Fowler, whom they disliked, they tried to assassinate. They burned numerous tipples and check houses, Dougherty's Hotel, Commercial Row, and other buildings.—During the reign of terror in Pittsburgh they burned the large stack of hay on the Pennsylvania Gas Coal Company's farm, and also cut the telegraph wires near Irwin. They killed a young man named Carroll, one night, and placed his body on the railroad track before the approaching Fast Line, to deceive the authorities, who discovered the body, mangled by the wheels, at dawn of day.

This was the substance of Parfitt's statement. Mr. Guffey told him if he would get another of the gang to confess they would be paid $1,000 each. On these terms another witness was procured, who fully corroborated Parfitt. The first witness was detained, and the second was allowed to return to Irwin to make some arrangements for securing the balance of the gang. It seems he repented at the last moment, for no sooner had he reached Irwin than he sounded the alarm and then left for parts unknown. The others were not long in following. Before the people of Irwin knew anything about the affair the parties had all decamped. A great deal of excitement exists now in the community. It was rumored yesterday that some of the parties had been captured, but a telegram from Sheriff Guffey to the *Dispatch* last night stated that this was not the case.

Following are the names of the parties for whose arrests warrants have been issued: Harry Davis, who corroborated Parfitt's confession; Pat. Dougherty, George Carroll, John Snedden, Harry Devlin, Barney Murray, Peter Glenn, William Lewis, P. Murray, Reddy Gormly, Jack Woods, James Doran and Sandy Snedden. Geo. Parfitt and Rob't Whitelaw are in jail at Greensburg. The others have fled.

Paddy Doyle, formerly the leader, was drowned last summer while crossing the river in a skiff. Sandy Snedden and Paddy Doyle kept tavern at Iwin's Station, and it was at their houses the gang met. Parfitt states that on the night of young Carroll's murder he was detailed to keep the railroad watchman from patrolling the tracks until after the Fast Line had passed over the body, which his associates had placed on the track. He did so by engaging the watchman in conversation.

DON'T NEGLECT A COUGH

or Cold, when 25 cts. will buy a bottle of Dr. Frazier's Cough Syrup at any drug store. It has wrought a complete change in Cough medicines, is pleasant as honey, and always cures.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

☞ Dr. Frazier's Cough Syrup, used in connection with Dr. Frazier's Root Bitters, WILL CURE CONSUMPTION.

STANDARD STEAM LAUNDRY,
Cleveland, O., Oct. 30, '76.

DR. FRAZIER.—Dear Sir: I feel it a duty I owe to suffering humanity to write you. For some time I was sorely afflicted with a cough, raising bad stuff, with every symptom of being a confirmed consumptive. I tried different medicines and cures without finding relief; I also consulted three of our most prominent Cleveland physicians, the last one of whom pronounced my case serious, and informed me that I could not live more than a few months. About this time, hearing of your wonderful success, I commenced taking your Syrup in connection with your Root Bitters, and was at once benefited, and after using the medicine some two months I find myself entirely cured.

TORENCE DUNN.

☞ Mr. Dunn again writes, under date of Aug. 4, 1877.—Dr. Frazier, Dear Sir: I can endorse your medicines more strongly than ever from the fact that it is now nearly one year since I was cured. My lungs are to-day strong and sound, having no return of the disease.

☞ The above Medicines speak for themselves. DR. G. W. FRAZIER, Proprietor, Cleveland, O.

For sale by all Druggists.

PRICELESS DISCOVERY.

Sure Cure for Piles.

A sure cure for the blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr. William—an Indian remedy—called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single bottle has cured the worst old chronic cases of twenty-five and thirty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment supports the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles and nothing else. Thousands of cured patients attest its virtues, and physicians of all schools pronounce it the greatest contribution to medicine of the age. It matters not how long or severely you have been suffering, you can be cured.

Mr. Joseph M. Ryder, Cleveland, Ohio, writes: I suffered for years with Itching and Ulcerated Piles, tried remedy after remedy advertised, and consulted physicians in Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and this city; and spent hundreds of dollars, but found no relief until I obtained a box of Dr. William's Indian Ointment, some four months ago, and it has cured me completely. I had a part of the box left which I gave to a friend of mine who had doctored with many physicians, and as a last resort went to the noted Hot Springs, Arkansas, for treatment. He informs me that the Indian Ointment has also cured him of the Piles. It is certainly a wonderful discovery, and should be used by the many thousands who are now suffering with that dread disease.

☞ $10,000 Reward will be paid for a more certain remedy. Sold by all Druggists. DR. G. W. FRAZIER, sole proprietor, Cleveland, O.

HYMENEAL.

SMELTZER—McCONNELL.—Married, at St. Michael's church, Loretto, on Tuesday, Feb. 26, 1878, by Rev. Father Bush, Mr. FERDINAND SMELTZER, of Brady's Bend, Pa., and Miss ANNIE L. McCONNELL, of Allegheny township.

OBITUARY.

HEID.—Died, near Summitville, on Monday night, Feb. 25, 1878, Mrs. FRANCES HEID, the beloved and excellent wife of Sixtus Heid, aged about 26 years.

The deceased leaves a husband and four small children to mourn her early death. May she rest in peace. R.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON.—Notice is hereby given that application for the pardon of T. H. VAN NORMAN, now serving a term of imprisonment in the Cambria county jail, will be made to the Board of Pardons at their meeting on the FIRST TUESDAY of APRIL next.

Ebensburg, March 1, 1878.-3t.*

ON THE RECEIPT OF FIFTY CENTS we will send, postage paid, to any address, a handsome Chromo of "HIS HOLINESS, LEO XIII," from an authentic Portrait loaned the publishers by his Grace, Archbishop Wood. Address, Chromo Department,

NATIONAL BUREAU OF ENGRAVING.
[3-1.-2t.] 512 Pine Street, Philadelphia.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.—To William Myers, (residence not known) and Joseph Myers, of Weatherly, Carbon county, Pa., heirs and legal representatives of John Myers, deceased: Take notice that an inquest will be held at the residence of the late John Myers, of Munster township, Cambria county, Pa., dec'd, on MONDAY, the 8th day of APRIL, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of making a partition of the real estate of said deceased to and among his heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling the whole; otherwise to value and appraise the same—at which time and place you are requested to attend, if you think proper.

JOHN RYAN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 27, 1878.-6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE!—In the matter of the petition of Mich'l H. Rager, Administrator of Peter Rager, dec'd, for an order of Court as to the share of Harriet Rager, one of the heirs of said Peter Rager, and to be discharged from liability as Administrator.

12th Feb'y, 1878, M. E. Buckley, Esq., appointed Auditor to report facts, and if he find said Harriet Rager be deceased, then, after allowing proper compensation to Administrator, distribute balance among those legally entitled to the same.

By the Court.

In pursuance of the above appointment, I will attend to the duties of said appointment, at my office in Ebensburg, on TUESDAY, MARCH 26th, 1878, at 2 o'clock, P. M., when and where all parties interested may attend.

M. E. BUCKLEY, Auditor.
Ebensburg, March 1, 1878.-3t.

ADJOURNED EXECUTOR'S SALE.

THE undersigned will offer for sale at public outcry, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on

Monday, March 11th,

1878, at 1 O'CLOCK, P. M., all that certain

Homestead, or Piece or Parcel of Land,

situate in Carroll township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of Peter Hoover and heirs of John Bennett; on the east by lands of Michael Noon; on the south by lands of John Murray and Adam Schettig, and on the west by lands of said Adam Schettig; containing 160 Acres and 87 Perches, more or less, about 100 Acres of which are cleared, the balance, about 60 Acres, being timber land—having thereon erected a two story LOG DWELLING HOUSE, with good cellar, a Log Bank Barn, with Sheds all around, and other Outbuildings. There is an excellent spring of living water near the door, a good spring house, and a thriving orchard of apple and peach trees, in full bearing, on the premises—the same being the real estate of which Michael Murray, late of said township, died seized. TITLE INDISPUTABLE.

☞ There is an abundance of hemlock and hard wood, as well as rail timber, on the 60 Acres not cleared.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third cash on delivery of deed, and the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

JAMES C. MURRAY,
March 1, 1878.-2t. Surviving Executor, &c.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, having been appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to report distribution of the fund in the hands of F. Dumphy, administrator of John Dumphy, dec'd, as shown by his final account, to and amongst those entitled to receive the same, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office in Ebensburg, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of MARCH next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of attending to the duties of his said appointment; at which time and place all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

J. G. LAKE, Auditor.
Ebensburg, Feb. 22, 1878. 3t.*

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

For proof of the fact see my circular, which will be sent FREE to any address. OSCAR G. MOSES, 81 Cortlandt street, New York.

LICENSE NOTICE.

PETITIONS for Tavern, Quart and Eating House Licenses have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Cambria, by the following named persons, and will be presented to the Judges of said Court on the 1ST MONDAY OF MARCH, 1878:

TAVERN LICENSES.

Adams Twp.—Jacob R. Sproul.
Allegheny Twp.—Mary McGough.
Barr Twp.—Nicholas Lambour.
Chest Springs Bor.—John R. Litzinger, John Crouse, Adam Leiden.
Chest Twp.—Joseph Rhody.
Carrolltown Bor.—Lawrence Schroth, Edward L. Binder, Andrew H. Haug.
Conemaugh Bor.—Joseph Mentzer, John Widman, 1st Ward; Hugh Greenwood, Michael Toohey, Joseph Dailey, Lawrence Reich, 2d Ward.
Cambria Bor.—Peter Roth Charles Boyle, Bernard Fitzpatrick, Edw'd Howe, Mich'l Halloran, Henry Gore, Elizabeth McDonald, 1st Ward; Geo. Aigner, 2d Ward.
Croyle Twp.—Peter Brown John Metzger.
Clearfield Twp.—Thomas Dunphy.
East Conemaugh Bor.—Lenora Kest, David Faloon.
Ebensburg Bor.—T. H. Heist, East Ward; Michael Latterner, Christina Foster, John A. Blair, West Ward.
Franklin Bor.—Peter Rubritz.
Gallitzin Bor.—Albert Bender, James Maulls, Daniel C. Vandrew.
Johnstown Bor.—Henry Von Alt, John Karr, 1st Ward; E. H. Willour, John Raab, John V. Shaffer, Philip Schultheis, Conrad Raab, Elizabeth Kohler, Thomas S. Davis, John Schiffhour, John McDermitt, John Goad, Michael Finegan, Pat'k O'Connell, 2d Ward; Joseph Boxler, John Fritz, Adam Biershank, George Shaffer, Charles Zimmerman, sr., Charles Kast, John M. King, Charles Kropp, August Danges, Joseph Shoemaker, 3d Ward; A. Pfeifer, Wm. H. Bauerly, Wm. H. Thompson, Jacob Fend, 4th Ward; Johanna Weigand, 5th Ward; Henry Shaffer, 6th Ward.
Loretto Bor.—Florian Bengele, A. J. Christy.
Millville Bor.—Emanuel James, Richard Bowling, Jos. Fieldhouse, Hugh McGrory, 1st Ward; Robert Sagerson, 2d Ward.
Geistown, Richland Twp.—Christiana Heins, Bernard Nees.
Summitville Bor.—Christian Reich.
Tunnelhill Bor.—Michael McMorris, Anthony McCue, Mathew Dignam, Patrick O'Dowd.
Wilmore Bor.—Geo. Wenderoth, Joseph Horner, John Schroth.
Washington Twp.—Elias J. Unger, Michael C. Bradley, Geo. J. Schwaderer, C. A. George, Margaret Helle, Mark B. McLaughlin, J. S. Kiel.
Yoder Twp.—Jacob Roehm.

QUART LICENSES.

Johnstown Bor.—Henry Fritz, John Ludwig, Fisher & Co., 3d Ward.

EATING HOUSE LICENSES.

Chest Twp.—Thomas Ott, George Crook.
Carrolltown Bor.—Henry Blum, Julius Stetch.
Johnstown Bor.—Ann Mary Kurtz, 1st Ward; Charles Wehn, John A. Stemmer, Jacob Jacoby, 4th Ward.
Loretto Bor.—Peter Brown.
Wilmore Bor.—John Schroth, P. F. Kirby.
Washington Twp.—Jesse McGough, Christopher Robine.

C. F. O'DONNELL, Clerk.
Clerk's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 12, 1878.-3t.

Closing Out Sale!

HARDWARE, TINWARE, STOVES,

&c., &c., AT

COST! COST!! COST!!!

THE undersigned, having concluded to close up his business as early in the Spring as possible, will from this date sell STOVES, HARDWARE, TIN and SHEET-IRON WARE, &c., &c.,

AT COST FOR CASH!

And Cash Only.

As my stock, which is almost entirely new, was bought for cash when goods were down to the lowest point, and as the manufacturers of many goods in my line are daily advancing their prices, this offer gives the public the

BEST OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE BARGAINS

EVER PRESENTED IN THIS SECTION.

In order to give the public an idea of what I am selling goods at I submit a few of my

Great Reductions in Prices:

Double-bitted Axes, worth $1.50 to $1.75, Reduced to $1.15 to $1.35.
Knives and Forks, worth 90c. to $4.00, Reduced to 65c. to $2.50.
Sil. Pla. Table Spoons, worth $3.50 to $5.50, Reduced to $2.00 to $3.00.
Sil. Pla. Teaspoons, worth $1.75 to $2.75, Reduced to $1.15 to $1.85.
Sil. Pla. Table Castors, worth $1.75 to $8.00, Reduced to $1.15 to $5.00.
Cook Stoves, worth $25.00 to $50.00, Reduced to $18.00 to $28.00.
Heating Stoves, worth $6.00 to $35.00, Reduced to $4.00 to $25.00.

And corresponding reductions in all other goods now in stock. In short, no more than cost price will be asked for any article on hand, while many things will be SOLD AT LESS THAN COST.

In making this offer, however, I wish it to be distinctly understood that no goods will be permitted to leave the store until paid for. Promises to pay to-morrow or next week will not answer, as I am determined to close out my business on a cash basis only.

☞ Persons owing me book accounts or notes are requested to pay up and save costs.

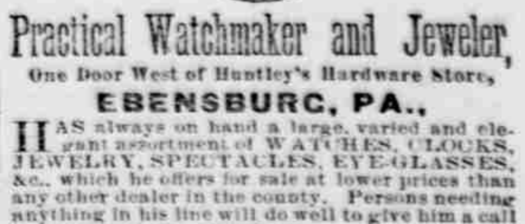
GEORGE HUNTLEY.
Ebensburg, Jan. 11, 1878.-tf.

OVERCOATS!
OVERCOATS!
OVERCOATS!

AT COST!
AT COST!
AT COST!

AT BARKERS'.
AT BARKERS'.
AT BARKERS'.

Carl Rivinius



Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler,
One Door West of Huntley's Hardware Store,
EBENSBURG, PA.,

HAS always on hand a large, varied and elegant assortment of WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c., which he offers for sale at lower prices than any other dealer in the county. Persons needing anything in his line will do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Prompt attention paid to repairing Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c., and satisfaction guaranteed in both work and price.

Ebensburg, Jan. 25, 1878.-tf.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—In compliance with the wishes of many friends, I have concluded to be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules. JOSUE D. PARRISH.
Ebensburg, Feb. 15, 1878.-3t.*

PIANOS Retail price $900 only $260. Parlor Organs, price $340 only $95. Paper free. Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J.

ANECDOTES OF DOGS.

Many curious traits are exhibited by dogs, showing the highest order of instinct, if not reason. Telesius relates the following fact of his own dog, to which he was an eye witness: The animal had been worried by another of greater strength, and when he returned to his home it was observed that he abstained from half the quantity of food regularly given him, forming a kind of store of his savings. After some days he went out, brought back with him several dogs of the neighborhood, and feasted them upon his hoard of food. This singular proceeding attracted his master's attention, who, closely watching the result, observed that they all went out together. Following them he found they proceeded by several streets to the outskirts of the town, where the leader singled out a large dog, which was immediatly set upon by all his guests, and very severely punished.

A watch dog that was habitually chained to his kennel found that his collar was large enough to allow him to withdraw his head from it whenever he chose to do so. Reflecting, however, that if he should attempt any such practice when his master or keeper was about they might so tighten his collar as to prevent its repetition, he always refrained from the manœuver during the day, but he availed himself of the privilege by night, roaming about the neighboring fields that were stocked with sheep and lambs, some of which on sundry occasions he wounded or killed. Bearing on his mouth the marks of his misdeeds he would go to a neighboring stream to wash off the blood. Having done this he would return to his kennel, and, slipping his head into his collar, lie down on his bed as though he had been there all night.

Mr Jesse gives the following anecdote of remarkable sagacity in a dog belonging to a farmer in Lincolnshire. If any well dressed person goes into the farm yard during the day the dog takes no notice of him. If, however, a beggar enter the premises the dog instantly goes to him, gently lays hold of his stick or clothes and quietly leads him to the door of the dwelling house, and sees him safe off the premises under similar precautions. But in the night the faithful animal will apprehend all persons alike, and never release a gentle grasp until bidden by his master or mistress. The latter has a sister living on an adjoining farm. In order to make a short cut between the two houses a single plank was thrown across a deep brook. The wife of the owner of the dog constantly and fearlessly intrusts her little children to his care when on a visit to their aunt. The animal halts the little group of children when he comes to the narrow bridge, and conducts them over one by one, always taking firm hold of the child's garments behind, and when he has safely escorted one child he returns for another. He then waits their return and conveys them home in a similar manner.

At Woolwich Theatre during the performance of "Sesse Vere," in the third act, in which a terrific combat takes place between a mother and two assassins for the possession of her child, a large Newfoundland dog that had managed to get into the pit along with his owner (an engineer of a steamship,) leaped over the heads of the musicians in the orchestra and flew to the rescue, and seizing one of the ruffians dragged him to the floor. The dog was with difficulty removed and dragged off the stage. He had been accustomed to the company of children and had on many occasions evinced strong proofs of affection. The mimic life on the theatre stage had all the appearance of reality to the noble brute and he hastened to exhibit the promptings of his kindly instincts.

HERE is a way we see suggested to destroy stumps: Bore a hole with a two inch auger to the depth of six or eight inches into the stump to be operated on, and place therein two ounces of saltpeter; then fill the hole with water and plug it up perfectly tight. Next spring take out the plug, pour in a gill of kerosene oil and set it on fire. The stump will be entirely consumed, even to the smallest roots, thus doing away with the trouble of removing the *debris*, which would be scattered about by the other method.

IF grass seed is sown by itself in the spring, it will generally get so good a start that no ordinary dry or hot weather in the summer will injure the crop. When seeding land in this way a sufficient quantity of seed should be sown, so that, if it all grows, the land will be all occupied with grass, thus preventing the growth of weeds; also giving a larger yield with better quality of grass, while forming a thicker turf to be turned under for the enrichment of the soil when the land is again plowed.

CIDER AS MEDICINE.—A correspondent of the *Rural New Yorker* cites a number of remarkable cases effected by the free use of cider as a beverage, such as derangement of the liver, devility, and other diseases which flesh is heir to. Among a number of cases cited, mention is made of the cure of chronic diarrhœa by drinking hard cider, after all other remedies had failed.

IF you want to keep your hogs, horses, cattle and sheep healthy, give them salt regularly. There is no better vermifuge than salt. Much of the so called hog cholera is due to intestinal worms. Plenty of salt would prevent the accumulation of these worms. All animals desire salt, showing that it is a want of their nature and undoubtedly for wise purposes.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,

From the 24th day of January, 1877, to the 23d day of January, 1878.

N. J. Freidhoff, Esq., Treasurer,

DR.

To amount in Treasurer's hands at last settlement		$11,224 09
To am't of Duplicate for the year 1877		44 064.27
" " " Registry " " " "		394 68
" " received on Seated Lands		241 92
" " " " Unseated Lands		1.426.32
" am't received from miscellaneous sources		1.075.27
		$58,426.55

CR.

By amount paid—		
Auditors, County	$ 300.00	
Auditors, State	96.00	
Assessors	681.39	
Borough and Bounty	29.98	
Bridge, Road and Township Views	1.098.50	
Boarding Prisoners	3.223.45	
" Jurors	13 00	
Constables	1.327.54	
Criminal Prosecutions	2.843 44	
Court Crier and Tipstaff	430.00	
Court House	219.90	
County Commissioners	1.200.00	
Commissioners' Clerk	600.00	
" Counsel	230.00	
Costs	117.19	
District Attorney	554.00	
Elections	2,095.62	
Express Freight	7.49	
Fox Scalps, &c	372 30	
Fuel	336.16	
Insurance	39.50	
Interest on Jail Bonds	180.00	
Inquisitions	56.22	
Jury Commissioners	132 79	
Jurors Grand	693.75	
" Traverse	4.351.78	
Jail	600 91	
Miscellaneous	100.21	
Prothonotary	143.45	
Poor House	10.814 24	
Postage	14 [illegible]	
Probates	19.50	
Printing	423.00	
Poor Directors	308 33	
Records	121 87	
Reform School	606.66	
Refunding	121.51	
Registry	430.73	
Redemption Jail Bonds	300.10	
Sheriff	427 68	
Schools	1,9[illegible]1.97	
Stenographer	371 80	
State Tax	2,181.08	
Supervisors	848.94	
Western Penitentiary	705.24	
By amount of—		
Abatement to Taxpayers	1.547.65	
Exonerations to Constables	1,717.34	
Taxes remaining in hands of Constables for 1877	3.643 08	
Treasurer's commission on $43,457.62	2,172.88—	50 821 23
Balance in Treasurer's hands		$ 7,605.32

AMOUNTS DUE FROM CONSTABLES for 1877 and previous years:

1873. Wm. Lloyd, Croyle Twp	$ 3.86
1873. Daniel Burthold, Woodvale Bor	45 63
1874. Ed. Owens, Cambria Twp	7.71
1874. Alex. Goughnour, E. Conem'h Bor.	43 89
1874 E. J. Lutz, 5th Ward, Johnstown.	35 41
1875. Ed. Owens, Cambria Twp	8.54
1875. A. J. Stoltz, Carrolltown Bor	23.09
1875. M. Quinn, 1st and 2d Wards, Conemaugh Bor.	310.47
1875. Joseph Adams, Croyle Twp	148.45
1875. Bernard Wise, Gallitzin Twp	27.66
1875. M. McNamara, 3d Ward, Johnst'n.	209.09
1875. Hugh McMonagle, Prospect Bor	1[illegible]38
1875. C. F. Wolf, Summerhill Twp	70 72
1875. Jacob Byrne, Susquehanna Twp	52.00
1876. Thomas P. Dumm, Barr Twp	160.20
1877. Aug. Eckenrode, Allegheny Twp	208 32
1877. George Krug, Barr Twp	23.88
1877. Ed. Owens, Cambria Twp	291 14
1877. Charles Dunlap, Carroll Twp	31.72
1877. And. Callihan, Chest Springs Bor	22.00
1877. Duplicate remaining in Treasurer's hands, 1st Ward, Conem'h Bor	202 68
1877. Jos. Daly, 2d Ward, " "	320.21
1877. John Wherley, West Ward, Ebensburg Bor	161.24
1877. John W. James, 2d Ward, Johnst'n.	86.44
1877. Jona. Horner, 4th Ward, "	113.85
1877. Alex. Raymond, 5th Ward, "	32 83
1877. Alex. Raymond, 6th Ward, "	38 70
1877. T. R. Davis, Jackson Twp	119 56
1877. Jno. McAnulty, Susquehanna Twp.	9.87
1877. —— McGee, Prospect Bor	136 37
1877. J. F. Skelly, Summerhill Twp	146 19
1877. John Gillespie, Summitville Bor	23 42
1877. Jacob Stutzman, Taylor Twp	316 83
1877. J. W. Gray, White Twp	1,089.08
1877. Geo. W. Pringle, Wilmore Bor	14 84
	$4,885 28

AMOUNTS DUE CAMBRIA COUNTY on Judgments:

Nicholas Allas	$ 54.45
William Lloyd et al.	26.63
John Crouse	112 99
Benjamin Fogart	179 30
William Tiley	54 43
William Linton	135 85
Samuel Kelly et al.	81 47
Michael Kirsch	165 50
Joseph Craver	311 63
Geo. L. Bowser	337 34
J. W. Gray	1,129 10
John T. Cooney	220 40
Charles Johnston et al.	142 62
J. L. Martin	56.00
Samuel Eckin	147 88
William D. McClelland	121.10
William Condron et al	55 69
Jacob Gates and Geo. Gates	753 71
	$4,095.68

ASSETS.

Amount due from Judgments	$ 4,095 68
" " " Constables for 1877 and previous years	4 885.28
Bal. in Treasurers' hands	7,605.32
	$16,586 28

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding Orders	$ 302.09	
" Bonds	2 600 00	
Due District from Road and School	503.24	3,405 33
Balance in favor of County		$13,180.95

AMOUNT DUE DISTRICT ON ROAD and School Tax:

	Road.	School.
Barr Township	$ 3.47	$ 27.45
Blacklick Township	101.62	115.90
Chest Township		53.93
Gallitzin Township	9.50	9.[illegible]
Jackson Township	56.88	87.[illegible]
Taylor Township	1.14	1 1[illegible]
Washington Township	14 51	18.21
White Township		78.86

GIVEN under our hands at the Commissioners' Office, in Ebensburg, this 24th day of January, A. D. 1878.

JAMES A. PORTER,
JOHN B. ROSS, } Auditors.
F. P. McCORMICK.

GIVEN under our hands at Ebensburg, January 24th, 1878.

JOSUE D. PARRISH,
REES S. LLOYD, } Com'rs.
JOHN CAMPBELL,

WE, the undersigned Auditors of Cambria county, do respectfully report that we have carefully examined the vouchers and accounts of the receipts and expenditures of the said county from the 24th day of January, 1877, to the 24th day of January, 1878, and do find them to be as stated, as also the foregoing statements of liabilities and assets of said county.

JAMES A. PORTER,
JOHN B. ROSS, } Auditors.
F. P. McCORMICK.

Ebensburg, Feb 1, 1878.-3t.

FARMS AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at private sale the following properties, to wit: A tract of land in Snyder township, Blair county, 1½ miles from East Tyrone containing 188 acres, well improved, having thereon all the necessary farm buildings. This farm will be divided into two or three parts, if desired by purchasers, and if not sold before the first of March next, it will then be rented.

Also, the farm on which I now reside, in Logan township, 3½ miles from Altoona. This property is in a high state of cultivation and has a splendid house, barn and other buildings thereon erected.

Also, a tract of improved land situated partly in Blair and Cambria counties, containing 278 acres. This tract is underlaid with coal of excellent quality, well covered with timber, and has a railroad built to it, ready for shipping coal.

These lands will be sold as a whole or divided, and on terms to suit purchasers, or will exchange for Altoona city property. For further information call on or address WM. DECKER.
Nov. 23, 1877.-1y. Box 869, Altoona.

FARM FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers at private sale at a great bargain her **FARM of 50 ACRES**, with allowance, in Adams township, about 35 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story PLANK HOUSE 18x25, large BANK BARN, and the usual outbuildings. There is an excellent young orchard of apple, cherry and peach trees, with plenty of good water on the premises. The FARM is in an excellent state of cultivation and will be sold very cheap and on the most liberal terms. For further particulars call on or address
MRS. LEAH FLENNER,
Jan. 25, 1877.-2m.* South Fork P. O.

F. A. SHOEMAKER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg. Office on High street, east end of residence. [1 21,'76.-tf.]

ESTABLISHED FOR THIRTY-ONE YEARS.

F. W. HAY & SON

Manufacturers,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—OF—

TIN, COPPER,

—AND—

Sheet Iron Wares

AND DEALERS IN

HEATING, PARLOR and COOKING

STOVES,

Sheet Metals,

—AND—

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS GENERALLY.

Jobbing in

TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Nos. 278, 280 and 282 Washington St.,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

Messrs. EDITORS:

As we were connected with

Dr. QUINCY A. SCOTT'S



Dental Establishment!

AT THE TIME HIS

CENTENNIAL SPECIMENS

Were manufactured, we state positively that those elegant Dental Specimens which received the

CENTENNIAL MEDAL and DIPLOMA

WERE MADE BY

DR. QUINCY A. SCOTT

And his assistants. And we desire also to state that we have been in many dental offices, and have seen dentistry in all its phases, but have never seen work turned out anywhere to equal that made at

278 Penn Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

We do not think it necessary, but we also wish to endorse

Dr. Quincy A. Scott

As a gentleman, upright and honorable in all social and business relations

DR. JOHN SCOTT, DR. W. H. PERRY,
DR. JOS. GRAHAM, JOHN K. AHL.
ALL OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the **radical cure** (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, etc.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Essay should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address **post paid**, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann Street, New York.
Post Office Box 4586. [1-11.-3m.]

THIS WAY
FOR
Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, &c.

IN addition to a full line of Drugs, Medicines, &c., the undersigned keep on hand a large, varied and elegant assortment of

Perfumery, Toilet and Washing Soaps,

Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences of all kind, pure Spices, Blank Books, Pocket and Pass Books, Stationery, Writing Fluid, Black and Red Inks, Pens, Pencils and Pen Holders, Bibles, Prayer Books, Hymn Books, &c., &c., together with a

FINE STOCK OF JEWELRY,

Tooth, Hair, Shoe, Scrub and Dusting Brushes, Combs of all kind, Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes, Glassware, Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, and hundreds of other articles needless to mention—all of which will be sold at the

Very Lowest Prices for Cash.

LEMMON & MURRAY.

Ebensburg, June 8, 1877.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

Health and Happiness are priceless Wealth to their possessors, and yet they are within the reach of every one who will use

WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS!

The only sure CURE for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Debility, Nausea, and all Billious complaints and Blood disorders. None genuine unless signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your Druggist will not supply send 25 cents for one box to BARRICK, ROLLER & Co., 70 N. 4th St., Phila [1-4,'78.-1y.]

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP.

[illegible]

Price, 25 Cents.
R. E. Sellers & Co., Prop'rs, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. [2 16.-1y.]

A. M. KEIM, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Ebensburg, Pa. Office recently occupied by Dr. J. J. Oatman, two doors west of Blair House, High st., where night calls can be made. Consultations in German as well as English. [9-6,'71. tf.]

Important Agricultural Experiment.

An important experiment was made at the Rhode Island State farm last year for the purpose of testing the comparative merits of various manures.

An oblong field containing five and one half acres of land of very uniform quality, was selected for the experiment. It was divided into five lots of precisely one acre each, and, midway of the field, a narrower lot containing half an acre. Upon this half acre no manure or fertilizer of any description was used, to obtain from it the natural yield of the land. Upon the first acre was put four cords of barnyard manure; on the second lot an equal value of Darling's animalized fertilizer; on the third, of ground bones and muriate of potash; on the fourth, of Lobos island guano, and on the fifth acre, of Stockbridge fertilizer. The whole field was planted with Early Rose potatoes, and received the same treatment, with the exception of the differences in fertilizers. The climatic influences were of course the same for all the plots, and the soil and exposure were so nearly alike as to make the experiment in every way a fair one. The half acre, without any fertilizer, produced at the rate of 50 bushels to the acre, showing this to be the natural yield of the land. The acre dressed with barnyard manure (this and all the other fertilizers were spread upon the ground broadcast and harrowed in) produced 137 bushels of potatoes, showing an increase over the natural yield of the land of eighty-seven bushels. The several plots dressed with Darling's animalized fertilizer, ground bone and muriate of potash, and Lobos Island guano, showed comparatively slight differences in the crop produced. All of these fertilizers, though much inferior to barnyard manure, more than paid for themselves in the increased yield of the first year. The acre dressed with three formulæ of the Stockbridge fetilizer, each of which is claimed to increase the natural yield by fifty bushels, should, on that basis of calculation, have produced 200 bushels of potatoes. It in fact, however, produced only a fraction over seventy five bushels, an increase of but twenty five bushels over the natural yield of land, or one-sixth of what was claimed for it. It is hardly necessary to say that this does not pay for the cost of the fertilizer. To properly estimate the significance of these experiments, it is important to know the kind of soil upon which they were made. It was a somewhat heavy loam, rather deficient in vegetable matter. Had the soil been lighter, with plenty of humus, the results might have been different.

THE HESSIAN FLY.—This destructive insect made its appearance in the wheat fields last fall to a considerable extent and did much damage; but one fact connected with its appearance or rather reappearance, should be carefully borne in mind—that it is only the early sown wheat that is attacked, and this mostly when early sowing is followed by a long spell of mild weather, like that of last autumn, during which the grain becomes quite rampant. Wheat sown the last of September or the beginning of October—which is early enough in most years—is seldom if ever attacked by the fly. There is a statement now before us of a farmer in Western New York, who says that while he sowed his wheat as late as the 18th and 20th of September, his neighbors sowed in the latter end of August; and that while his crop was wholly free from the fly, and yielded over twenty nine bushels to the acre, the crops of his neighbors were nearly destroyed. He further says that a barrel of salt to the acre will destroy the midge and cause the grain to ripen from three to six days earlier. We think there is wisdom in his statement.
—*Germantown Telegraph.*

DRIVING AWAY RATS.—The Pied Piper of immortal memory has found a rival in Oregon. A Salem man has made the important discovery—how to rid a building of rats. It is an improvement on the old fashioned method of burning the building. First he catches the rodent alive. Next he pours carbolic acid over his ratship, and then turns him adrift. The brothers, sisters, distant relatives and acquaintances of the little wanderer do not admire the fragrant (?) odor

"that clings 'round him still,"

and forthwith conclude to leave for more agreeable quarters. The result is not a rat can be eventually found about the premises.

A BALL of waste cotton, saturated with coal oil, rolled in sulphur, and fired under a tree, did not burn rapidly, but sent up a dense smoke which killed all the bark lice with which the tree was infested. So says a Pennsylvania fruit grower.

PAN CAKE FLOUR S. S. MARVIN & CO. PITTSBURGH

With cold water or sweet milk make a batter and bake on a hot griddle. **Ask your Grocer for it.** [1-11. st.]

M. E. BUCKLEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office with F. A. Shoemaker, Esq., on High st. All business pertaining to the profession promptly attended to, and collections made a specialty.

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in front room of T. J. Lloyd's new building, Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily, and collections a specialty. [10-10,'78.]

DANIEL McLAUGHLIN, *Attorney-at-Law*, Johnstown, Pa. Office in the old Exchange building, (up stairs,) corner of Clinton and Locust streets. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.

WM. H. SECHLER, *Attorney at Law*, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in Colonade Row, (recently occupied by Wm. Kittell, Esq.,) Centre street. [1-21.'76.-tf.]

BARKER AND SON
BARKER AND SON
BARKER AND SON

BARKERS' BIG BIGGER BIGGEST BARGAINS IN **CAPS! CLOTHS! CLOTHING! CASSIMERES! CARROLLTOWN.**

OUR SALES-BOOK WILL SHOW THAT

WE HAVE SOLD MORE GOODS

DURING THE PAST SIX MONTHS

THAN ANY FIRM IN NORTHERN CAMBRIA,

AND THE REASON IS THAT WE HAVE

SOLD at LOWER PRICES

THAN ANY ONE ELSE COULD DO,

And now wish to inform the people of Carrolltown and vicinity that we have in our Store the

Largest and Most Complete

STOCK OF GOODS

Ever brought to Northern Cambria, and which we are offering

AT PRICES EVEN LOWER THAN EVER BEFORE.

The reason we can afford to do this is, that by buying Goods in large quantities, and buying for cash only, we are enabled to get the very best terms, and the reason why you should buy from us is, that

WE HAVE NOT ONLY THE BEST GOODS AND LARGEST STOCK,

BUT SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

☞ We were among the first to open out in Carrolltown and we do not intend to be driven away by new stores, big advertisements, great promises, or anything of that kind; so if you want to deal

Where there is Square Dealing, and no mistake,

Come Right Along to Our Store,

where you will not only find the bars down, the latch-string out, and a hearty welcome awaiting you, but will get

MORE REAL VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY

THAN AT ANY OTHER STORE IN THIS REGION.

A. A. BARKER & SON,

CARROLLTOWN.

LOOK HERE

G R E A T "BAR" G A I N S



AT THE

People's CHEAP Store,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

So called by numbers of persons who have returned from Johnstown, Altoona, Ebensburg, and elsewhere, with the dear-bought knowledge that we who were not among the first to open in Carrolltown, but who were the VERY FIRST in Northern Cambria to sell Goods at such WONDERFUL LOW PRICES, can do

BETTER FOR BUYERS!

THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE BUSINESS.

ALL PERSONS ARE RESPECTFULLY INVITED TO CALL AND JUDGE FOR THEMSELVES.

CARROLLTOWN, JAN. 18, 1878. **S. TEITELBAUM & BRO.**

GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN,

113 and 115 Clinton Street, Johnstown,

ALWAYS HAVE THE

Largest, Best and Cheapest

Stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Millinery, Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., to be found in Cambria county.
[2 4.] ☞ Don't forget the number and street. [tf.]

WOOL! BOUGHT —OR— MADE UP TO ORDER **WOOL!**

THE EBENSBURG WOOLEN COMPANY is amply prepared to manufacture to order or exchange Goods of its own make for WOOL, which will be taken at the highest market price, and for the gathering of which wagons will soon be sent to the various sections of the county. The quality of the goods made by us is too well known to need recommendation, and as we are now running our Factory by STEAM POWER, there will be no delay in the manufacture of wool sent or bro't to us for that purpose.

P. S.—Weaving, Carding, Fulling and Dyeing promptly attended to in a workmanlike manner and at the lowest possible rates.
Ebensburg, May 11, 1877 -tf.

Ebensburg INSURANCE AGENCY.
T. W. DICK,
Gen'l Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Policies written at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"
And other First Class Companies.
Ebensburg, Sept. 22, 1877 -1y.*

GEO. M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law*, Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, three doors from High street. [8-27,'75.]

PARKE'S MARBLE WORKS,
139 Franklin Street, Johnstown.



MONUMENTS, HEAD and TOMBSTONES, COUNTER and CABINET SLABS, MANTELS, &c., manufactured of the very best Italian and American Marbles. Entire satisfaction guaranteed in price, design and character of work.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the very lowest cash rates. Try me.
April 24, 1873.-tf. JOHN PARKE.

JAMES WILKINSON. R. T. O'FRIEL.
WILKINSON & O'FRIEL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MARBLE!
Loretto, Pa.
☞ Work executed promptly and satisfactorily, and as cheap as the cheapest. (4-12 —tf.)

$777 is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in three months by any one of either sex, in any part of the country who is willing to work steadily at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. It costs nothing to try the business. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address at once, H. HALLET & Co., Portland, Maine. (3-8.-1y.*)

WHERE PINEAPPLES ...

A letter from the island of E[...] in the Bahama group, writes [...] New York *Sun*, thus des[...] cultivation of the pineapple [...] the soil of Eleuthera should [...] an abundance of delicious p[...] is a matter for wonder to a p[...] has been accustomed to the [...] lands of the United States [...] has never been on a coral is[...] form but the faintest notion [...] exceeding roughness of the [...] the ungrateful aspect of the [...] The island of Eleuthera, [...] nishes such vast numbers of pi[...] is, indeed, covered in the [...] wild vegetation, while the [...] which it springs is in great p[...] roughest conceivable character. Holes of every size, form and [...] tion, some of them partly [...] filled with dirt, the debris of [...] vegetation, loose fragments [...] small, round and angular, [...] hard, everywhere abound. [...] sticks up its stinging point[...] edges in the most irregular [...] voking fashion. No plow, [...] no hoe can be used. The [...] that can be done is to stick [...] in one of the holes and let it [...] of itself, which it almost [...] does right well; for it likes [...] of soil and sips its sweet [...] from the little dirt it may [...] find in the hollow of the rock.

The holes are very close [...] the sprouts are placed [...] from each other, and as [...] grows up it spreads its long [...] hard leaf blades, with edges [...] with little rasping, saw like [...] from the ground, and almost [...] direction. The plant has a [...] ply of these outbending leaves [...] closely one over the other [...] ground, and out of the center [...] comes up the fruit, one pineapple [...] to each plant, which then [...] leaves behind a progeny of [...] sprouts, and these being [...] hollows insure a new crop for [...] ceeding year. This replen[...] be kept up for six years, [...] whole field, about exhausted [...] itself, the plants die out, in [...] of time the soil is renewed and [...] fields now demand the care of [...] grower.

The only attention given [...] plants is to keep the field [...] weeds and that is almost [...] the year round. One negro [...] attend to about two acres. [...] weeds to contend with are [...] bidens, a plant very well known [...] United States as Spanish needle [...] a kind of crab grass. One [...] placing the plants so close [...] to give the pineapple [...] soil and the weeds little [...] usurping the ground. The [...] of a pineapple field is [...] it presents a broad, [...] a vast mass of interlacing [...] blades, and the first impression [...] such a jam of vegetation would [...] terly incapable of producing [...] whatever, whereas the fact is [...] properly attended to yields [...] mous number of ten or twelve [...] pineapples.

There is another enemy no [...] midable than the weeds that [...] looking after very sharply [...] the rat, which attacks the fruit [...] it is about to ripen. If no [...] were taken to prevent the dep[...] of these troublesome creatures [...] few pineapples indeed would [...] their destructive jaws. The [...] has a remedy. Sweet potatoes [...] cooked, and while they are [...] the sulphur ends of common [...] are broken off and introduced [...] them. The phosphorus is [...] throughout the substance of the [...] toes, and these being placed [...] the pineapple plants are eaten [...] rats, which almost immediately [...] dead from the effect of the po[...]

STRENGTH OF MATERIALS.—[...] may be hammered so that it [...] 1,300,000th of an inch thick. [...] of iron may be devided into 4[...] parts. Still chemistry tells [...] are ultimate parts called atoms [...] molecules, which are absolutely [...] ible. These atoms are attracted [...] each other by the attraction of [...] sion. By the action of both [...] forces the atoms are kept in a [...] rest. The solidity of a solid [...] on the fact that each pair of atoms [...] in this state of equilibrium. A [...] bar would support its own weight [...] stretched out to a length of 5[...] A bar of steel was once made [...] would sustain its own weight [...] tended to a length of 13½ miles [...] ideas of great or small are no [...] be used in judging of what is [...] great and small in nature. The [...] Hill monument might be built [...] mile high, without crushing the [...] at its base. When bars of [...] stretched until they break, those [...] are the strongest increase in length [...] than the weaker one. A piece of [...] having a breadth and thickness [...] feet, if supported at its ends, [...] bent one millioneth of an inch [...] weight of three pounds placed [...] centre, and a weight of one [...] an ounce would bend it one [...] millioneth of an inch.

COLD IN THE HEAD.—This [...] cured at once if taken in time [...] solve a tablespoonful of pulverized [...] borax in a pint of hot water; [...] tepid, snuff some up the nostrils [...] or three times a day, or use the [...] powdered borax like snuff, taking [...] pinch as often as required.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Cul[...] says that a few drops of butyr[...] timony applied to the diseased p[...] a certain cure for foot rot in [...] Slacked lime thrown at the entr[...] to the stable door, so that cows [...] tread in it, is a sure preventive.